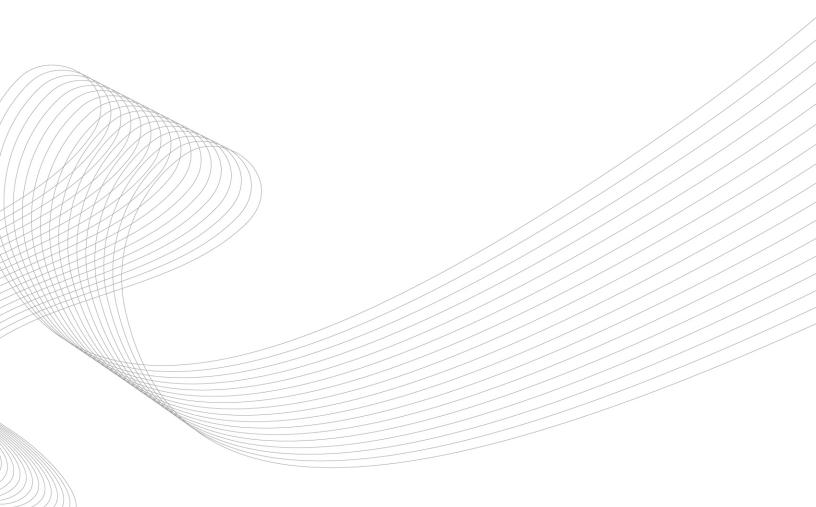
Community BANKOFTHE Ř

2014 Annual Report

AWARDED Bank Oyean Stress Association



Report of Independent Auditors and Financial Statements

Community Bank of the Bay

December 31, 2014 and 2013



Certified Public Accountants | Business Consultants

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The Board of Directors and Shareholders **Community Bank of the Bay**

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Community Bank of the Bay (the Bank), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related statements of operations, comprehensive income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Bank's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Community Bank of the Bay as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Hoar Adams LLP

Stockton, California March 31, 2015



COMMUNITY BANK OF THE BAY

ASSETS

	DECEMBER 31,					
	2014	2013				
Cash and due from banks Federal funds sold	\$ 24,077,279 205,852	\$ 22,600,028 200,000				
Total cash and cash equivalents	24,283,131	22,800,028				
Interest-bearing deposits in banks	12,893,000	10,169,744				
Available-for-sale investment securities	7,164,184	9,479,124				
Loans, held for sale	582,950	1,429,209				
Loans, less allowance for loan losses of \$2,782,969						
in 2014 and \$2,397,299 in 2013	171,731,626	123,915,036				
Premises and equipment, net	696,363	623,104				
Bank-owned life insurance	3,789,354	3,674,584				
Other real estate owned	970,911	-				
Interest receivable and other assets	3,134,307	3,281,958				
Total assets	\$ 225,245,826	\$ 175,372,787				

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Deposits		
Non-interest bearing	\$ 57,963,905	\$ 52,458,888
Interest bearing	 140,857,217	 98,130,275
Total deposits	198,821,122	150,589,163
Federal Home Loan Bank advances and other borrowings	3,999,388	4,945,000
Interest payable and other liabilities	1,404,807	 815,744
Total liabilities	 204,225,317	 156,349,907
Commitments and contingencies (Note 10)		
Shareholders' equity		
Preferred stock, no par value; 10,000,000 shares		
authorized; 4,060 shares issued and outstanding		
in 2014 and 2013	4,060,000	4,060,000
Class A common stock, voting, no par value; 10,000,000		
shares authorized; 4,163,591 and 4,131,924 shares		
issued and outstanding in 2014 and 2013, respectively	21,166,608	20,876,079
Class B common stock, non-voting, no par value;		
10,000,000 shares authorized; 56,844 shares issued		
and outstanding in 2014 and 2013	1,421,100	1,421,100
Accumulated deficit	(5,643,039)	(7,268,801)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes	 15,840	 (65,498)
Total shareholders' equity	 21,020,509	 19,022,880
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 225,245,826	\$ 175,372,787

2014 2013 INTEREST INCOME Interest and fees on loans \$ 8,086,648 \$ 6,876,359 Interest on investment securities 218,813 160,412 Interest on deposits in banks 257,595 85,505 INTEREST EXPENSE 8,563,067 7,122,440 INTEREST EXPENSE 619,419 344,560 Interest on borrowings 72,972 144,520 Total interest expense 692,391 489,080 Net interest income 7,870,676 6,633,360 PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES 400,000 225,000 Net interest income after provision for loan losses 7,470,676 6,408,360 NON-INTEREST INCOME 355,000 323,000 Gain on sale of securities 47,623 24,031 Gain on sale of loans, net 445,666 561,120 Other income 466,697 434,836 Total non-interest income 1,764,047 1,634,664 NON-INTEREST EXPENSES 3,276,246 50ck option expense 1,8,500 Write-down on other rasset owned 2,206,962 1,237,184 </th <th></th> <th colspan="5">YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,</th>		YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,				
Interest and fees on loans \$ 8,086,648 \$ 6,876,359 Interest on investment securities 218,813 160,412 Interest on deposits in banks 217,555 85,505 INTEREST EXPENSE 8,563,067 7,122,440 INTEREST EXPENSE 619,419 344,560 Interest expense on deposits 619,419 344,560 Interest expense on deposits 619,419 344,560 Interest income 7,870,676 6,633,360 PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES 400,000 225,000 Net interest income after provision for loan losses 7,470,676 6,408,360 NON-INTEREST INCOME 5 291,677 Government grant 355,000 323,000 Gain on sale of securities 47,623 24,031 Gain on sale of securities 47,623 24,031 Gain on sale of securities 3,796,985 3,276,246 Stock option expense 181,672 396,455 Occupancy and equipment 1,125,465 1,042,192 Loss on sale of other assets - 25,810		2014	2013			
Interest and fees on loans \$ 8,086,648 \$ 6,876,359 Interest on investment securities 218,813 160,412 Interest on deposits in banks 217,595 85,505 Interest on deposits in banks 257,595 85,505 Interest expense on deposits 619,419 344,560 Interest expense on deposits 619,419 344,560 Interest expense on deposits 619,419 344,560 Interest income 7,870,676 6,633,360 PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES 400,000 225,000 Net interest income after provision for loan losses 7,470,676 6,408,360 NON-INTEREST INCOME 5 291,677 Government grant 355,000 323,000 Gain on sale of securities 47,623 24,031 Gain on sale of securities 47,623 24,031 Gain on sale of loans, net 1,764,047 1,634,664 NON-INTEREST EXPENSES 3,796,985 3,276,246 Salaries and employee benefits 3,796,985 3,276,246 Stock option expense 1,125,465 1,042,1	INTEREST INCOME					
Interest on investment securities 218,813 160,412 Interest on federal funds sold 11 164 Interest on deposits in banks 257,595 85,505 INTEREST EXPENSE 619,419 344,560 Interest expense on deposits 619,419 344,560 Interest on borrowings 72,972 144,520 Total interest expense 692,391 489,080 Net interest income 7,870,676 6,633,360 PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES 400,000 225,000 Net interest income after provision for loan losses 7,470,676 6,408,360 NON-INTEREST INCOME 5 449,061 291,677 Government grant 355,000 323,000 323,000 Gain on sale of loans, net 445,666 561,120 Other income 466,697 434,836 Total non-interest income 1,764,047 1,634,664 NON-INTEREST EXPENSE 3 3796,985 3,276,246 Stock option expense 181,672 396,455 0ccupancy and equipment 1,125,465 1,042,192		\$ 8.086.648	\$ 6.876.359			
Interest on federal funds sold 11 164 Interest on deposits in banks 257,595 85,505 INTEREST EXPENSE 8,563,067 7,122,440 INTEREST expense on deposits 619,419 344,550 Interest on borrowings 72,972 144,520 Total interest expense 692,391 489,080 Net interest income 7,870,676 6,633,360 PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES 400,000 225,000 Net interest income after provision for loan losses 7,470,676 6,408,360 NON-INTEREST INCOME 5 355,000 323,000 Gain on sale of securities 449,061 291,677 Government grant 355,000 323,000 Gain on sale of securities 47,623 24,031 Gain on sale of loans, net 1,764,047 1,634,664 NON-INTEREST EXPENSES 32,76,246 50,72,746 Stock option expense 1,81,672 396,455 Occupancy and equipment 1,125,465 1,042,192 Loss on sale of other assets - 25,810 <tr< td=""><td></td><td>. , ,</td><td></td></tr<>		. , ,				
INTEREST EXPENSE 8,563,067 7,122,440 INTEREST EXPENSE 619,419 344,560 Interest on borrowings 72,972 144,520 Total interest expense 692,391 489,080 Net interest income 7,870,676 6,633,360 PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES 400,000 225,000 Net interest income after provision for loan losses 7,470,676 6,408,360 NON-INTEREST INCOME 449,061 291,677 Government grant 355,000 323,000 Gain on sale of securities 47,623 24,031 Gain on sale of securities 47,623 24,031 Gain on sale of securities 3,796,985 3,276,246 Stock option expense 181,672 396,455 Occupancy and equipment 1,125,465 1,042,192 Loss on sale of other assets - 18,500 Write-down on other asset owned - 25,810 Other expenses 7,027,761 6,805,840 Net operating income before provision for - 2206,962 1,237,184	Interest on federal funds sold					
INTEREST EXPENSE Interest expense on deposits 619,419 344,560 Interest on borrowings 72,972 144,520 Total interest expense 692,391 489,080 Net interest income 7,870,676 6,633,360 PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES 400,000 225,000 Net interest income after provision for loan losses 7,470,676 6,408,360 NON-INTEREST INCOME 5 449,061 291,677 Government grant 355,000 323,000 323,000 Gain on sale of securities 47,623 24,031 Gain on sale of loans, net 445,666 561,120 Other income 446,697 434,836 Total non-interest income 1,764,047 1,634,664 NON-INTEREST EXPENSES 3,276,246 3,276,246 Stock option expense 181,672 396,455 Occupancy and equipment 1,125,465 1,042,192 Loss on sale of other assets - 18,500 Write-down on other real estate owned - 80,570 Write-down on other sest owned - 25,810 Other ex	Interest on deposits in banks	257,595	85,505			
Interest expense on deposits $619,419$ $344,560$ Interest on borrowings $72,972$ $144,520$ Total interest expense $692,391$ $489,080$ Net interest income $7,870,676$ $6,633,360$ PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES $400,000$ $225,000$ Net interest income after provision for loan losses $7,470,676$ $6,408,360$ NON-INTEREST INCOME $355,000$ $323,000$ Gain on sale of securities $47,623$ $24,031$ Gain on sale of loans, net $445,666$ $561,120$ Other income $446,6697$ $434,836$ Total non-interest income $1,764,0477$ $1,634,664$ NON-INTEREST EXPENSES $33,796,985$ $3,276,246$ Stock option expense $181,672$ $396,455$ Occupancy and equipment $1,125,465$ $1,042,192$ Loss on sale of other assets $ 28,810$ Write-down on other real estate owned $ 25,810$ Other expenses $7,027,761$ $6,805,840$ Net operating income before provision for		8,563,067	7,122,440			
Interest expense on deposits $619,419$ $344,560$ Interest on borrowings $72,972$ $144,520$ Total interest expense $692,391$ $489,080$ Net interest income $7,870,676$ $6,633,360$ PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES $400,000$ $225,000$ Net interest income after provision for loan losses $7,470,676$ $6,408,360$ NON-INTEREST INCOME $449,061$ $291,677$ Government grant $355,000$ $323,000$ Gain on sale of securities $47,623$ $24,031$ Gain on sale of loans, net $445,666$ $561,120$ Other income $446,667$ $434,836$ Total non-interest income $1,764,047$ $1,634,664$ NON-INTEREST EXPENSES $3,796,985$ $3,276,246$ Stock option expense $181,672$ $396,455$ Occupancy and equipment $1,125,465$ $1,042,192$ Loss on sale of other assets $ 28,510$ Write-down on other real estate owned $ 25,810$ Other expenses $7,027,761$	INTEREST EXPENSE					
Interest on borrowings $72,972$ $144,520$ Total interest expense $692,391$ $489,080$ Net interest income $7,870,676$ $6,633,360$ PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES $400,000$ $225,000$ Net interest income after provision for loan losses $7,470,676$ $6,408,360$ NON-INTEREST INCOME $449,061$ $291,677$ Government grant $355,000$ $323,000$ Gain on sale of securities $47,623$ $24,031$ Gain on sale of loans, net $445,666$ $561,120$ Other income $466,697$ $434,836$ Total non-interest income $1,764,047$ $1,634,664$ NON-INTEREST EXPENSES $3,796,985$ $3,276,246$ Stock option expense $1,125,465$ $1,042,192$ Loss on sale of other assets $ 18,500$ Write-down on other real estate owned $ 25,810$ Other expenses $7,027,761$ $6,805,840$ Net operating income before provision for $ 25,810$ Other expenses $7,027,761$ $6,805,840$ Net operating income before provision for<		619,419	344,560			
Total interest expense $692,391$ $489,080$ Net interest income7,870,6766,633,360PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES $400,000$ 225,000Net interest income after provision for loan losses $7,470,676$ 6,408,360NON-INTEREST INCOME $7,470,676$ 6,408,360Service charges $449,061$ 291,677Government grant $355,000$ 323,000Gain on sale of securities $47,623$ 24,031Gain on sale of securities $47,623$ 24,031Gain on sale of loans, net $445,666$ 561,120Other income $466,697$ $434,836$ Total non-interest income $1,764,047$ $1,634,664$ NON-INTEREST EXPENSES $3,276,246$ $3,276,246$ Stock option expense $1,125,465$ $1,042,192$ Loss on sale of other assets $ 18,500$ Write-down on other real estate owned $ 25,810$ Other expenses $7,027,761$ $6,805,840$ Net operating income before provision for income taxes $7,027,761$ $6,805,840$ Net operating income before provision for income taxes $1,706,962$ $2,036,384$ INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) $500,000$ $(799,200)$ Net income $1,706,962$ $2,036,384$ Dividends on prefered stock $81,200$ $81,200$ Net income available to common shareholders $$ 1,625,762$ $$ 1,955,184$ NET INCOME PER SHARE - BASIC $$ 0.39$ $$ 0.47$		72,972	144,520			
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES 400,000 225,000 Net interest income after provision for loan losses 7,470,676 6,408,360 NON-INTEREST INCOME 5ervice charges 449,061 291,677 Government grant 355,000 323,000 Gain on sale of securities 47,623 24,031 Gain on sale of loans, net 445,666 561,120 Other income 466,697 434,836 Total non-interest income 1,764,047 1,634,664 NON-INTEREST EXPENSES 3,796,985 3,276,246 Stock option expense 181,672 396,455 0ccupancy and equipment 1,125,465 1,042,192 Loss on sale of other assets 25,810 - 185,500 80,570 Write-down on other real estate owned - 25,810 0ther expenses 1,923,639 1,966,067 Total non-interest expenses 7,027,761 6,805,840 80,570 0 Write-down on other rasset owned - 25,810 0ther expenses 1,923,639 1,966,067 Total non-interest expenses 7,027,761 6,805,840 0	Total interest expense		489,080			
Net interest income after provision for loan losses 7,470,676 6,408,360 NON-INTEREST INCOME -	Net interest income	7,870,676	6,633,360			
NON-INTEREST INCOME $449,061$ $291,677$ Service charges $449,061$ $291,677$ Government grant $355,000$ $323,000$ Gain on sale of securities $47,623$ $24,031$ Gain on sale of loans, net $445,666$ $561,120$ Other income $466,697$ $434,836$ Total non-interest income $1,764,047$ $1,634,664$ NON-INTEREST EXPENSES $3,796,985$ $3,276,246$ Salaries and employee benefits $3,796,985$ $3,276,246$ Stock option expense $181,672$ $396,455$ Occupancy and equipment $1,125,465$ $1,042,192$ Loss on sale of other assets- $18,500$ Write-down on other real estate owned- $25,810$ Other expenses $1,923,639$ $1,966,067$ Total non-interest expenses $7,027,761$ $6,805,840$ Net operating income before provision for income taxes $2,206,962$ $1,237,184$ INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) $500,000$ $(799,200)$ Net income $1,706,962$ $2,036,384$ Dividends on preferred stock $81,200$ $81,200$ Net income available to common shareholders $$ 1,625,762$ $$ 1,955,184$ NET INCOME PER SHARE – BASIC $$ 0.39$ $$ 0.47$	PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	400,000	225,000			
Service charges 449,061 291,677 Government grant 355,000 323,000 Gain on sale of securities 47,623 24,031 Gain on sale of loans, net 445,666 561,120 Other income 466,697 434,836 Total non-interest income 1,764,047 1,634,664 NON-INTEREST EXPENSES 3,796,985 3,276,246 Stock option expense 181,672 396,455 Occupancy and equipment 1,125,465 1,042,192 Loss on sale of other assets - 18,500 Write-down on other real estate owned - 25,810 Other expenses 1,923,639 1,966,067 Total non-interest expenses 7,027,761 6,805,840 Net operating income before provision for income taxes 2,206,962 1,237,184 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) 500,000 (799,200) Net income 1,706,962 2,036,384 Dividends on preferred stock 81,200 81,200 Net income available to common shareholders \$ 1,625,762 \$ 1,955,184 <	Net interest income after provision for loan losses	7,470,676	6,408,360			
Government grant 355,000 323,000 Gain on sale of securities 47,623 24,031 Gain on sale of loans, net 445,666 561,120 Other income 466,697 434,836 Total non-interest income 1,764,047 1,634,664 NON-INTEREST EXPENSES 3,796,985 3,276,246 Stock option expense 181,672 396,455 Occupancy and equipment 1,125,465 1,042,192 Loss on sale of other assets - 18,500 Write-down on other real estate owned - 80,570 Write-down on other asset owned - 25,810 Other expenses 1,923,639 1,966,067 Total non-interest expenses 7,027,761 6,805,840 Net operating income before provision for - 2,206,962 1,237,184 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) 500,000 (799,200) (799,200) Net income 1,706,962 2,036,384 81,200 81,200 Net income available to common shareholders \$ 1,625,762 \$ 1,955,184	NON-INTEREST INCOME					
Gain on sale of securities 47,623 24,031 Gain on sale of loans, net 445,666 561,120 Other income 466,697 434,836 Total non-interest income 1,764,047 1,634,664 NON-INTEREST EXPENSES 3,796,985 3,276,246 Salaries and employee benefits 3,796,985 3,276,246 Stock option expense 181,672 396,455 Occupancy and equipment 1,125,465 1,042,192 Loss on sale of other assets - 18,500 Write-down on other real estate owned - 25,810 Other expenses 1,923,639 1,966,067 Total non-interest expenses 7,027,761 6,805,840 Net operating income before provision for - 22,206,962 1,237,184 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) 500,000 (799,200) (799,200) Net income 1,706,962 2,036,384 81,200 81,200 Net income available to common shareholders \$ 1,625,762 \$ 1,955,184 9.47 NET INCOME PER SHARE - BASIC \$ 0.39 \$ 0.47	Service charges	449,061	291,677			
Gain on sale of loans, net 445,666 561,120 Other income 466,697 434,836 Total non-interest income 1,764,047 1,634,664 NON-INTEREST EXPENSES 3,796,985 3,276,246 Stock option expense 181,672 396,455 Occupancy and equipment 1,125,465 1,042,192 Loss on sale of other assets - 18,500 Write-down on other real estate owned - 25,810 Other expenses 1,923,639 1,966,067 Total non-interest expenses 7,027,761 6,805,840 Net operating income before provision for - 22,06,962 1,237,184 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) 500,000 (799,200) (799,200) Net income 1,706,962 2,036,384 81,200 81,200 Net income available to common shareholders \$ 1,625,762 \$ 1,955,184 NET INCOME PER SHARE – BASIC \$ 0.39 \$ 0.47	Government grant	355,000	323,000			
Other income $466,697$ $434,836$ Total non-interest income $1,764,047$ $1,634,664$ NON-INTEREST EXPENSES $3,796,985$ $3,276,246$ Salaries and employee benefits $3,796,985$ $3,276,246$ Stock option expense $181,672$ $396,455$ Occupancy and equipment $1,125,465$ $1,042,192$ Loss on sale of other assets $ 18500$ Write-down on other real estate owned $ 80,570$ Write-down on other asset owned $ 25,810$ Other expenses $1,923,639$ $1,966,067$ Total non-interest expenses $7,027,761$ $6,805,840$ Net operating income before provision for income taxes $2,206,962$ $1,237,184$ INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) $500,000$ $(799,200)$ Net income $1,706,962$ $2,036,384$ Dividends on preferred stock $81,200$ $81,200$ Net income available to common shareholders $$ 0.39$ $$ 0.47$	Gain on sale of securities	47,623	24,031			
Total non-interest income $1,764,047$ $1,634,664$ NON-INTEREST EXPENSES $3,796,985$ $3,276,246$ Salaries and employee benefits $3,796,985$ $3,276,246$ Stock option expense $181,672$ $396,455$ Occupancy and equipment $1,125,465$ $1,042,192$ Loss on sale of other assets- $185,00$ Write-down on other real estate owned- $80,570$ Write-down on other asset owned- $25,810$ Other expenses $1,923,639$ $1,966,067$ Total non-interest expenses $7,027,761$ $6,805,840$ Net operating income before provision for income taxes $2,206,962$ $1,237,184$ INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) $500,000$ $(799,200)$ Net income $1,706,962$ $2,036,384$ Dividends on preferred stock $81,200$ $81,200$ NET INCOME PER SHARE – BASIC\$ 0.39 \$ 0.47	Gain on sale of loans, net	445,666	561,120			
NON-INTEREST EXPENSESSalaries and employee benefits3,796,9853,276,246Stock option expense181,672396,455Occupancy and equipment1,125,4651,042,192Loss on sale of other assets-18,500Write-down on other real estate owned-80,570Write-down on other asset owned-25,810Other expenses1,923,6391,966,067Total non-interest expenses7,027,7616,805,840Net operating income before provision for income taxes2,206,9621,237,184INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)500,000(799,200)Net income1,706,9622,036,384Dividends on preferred stock81,20081,200Net income available to common shareholders\$1,625,762\$NET INCOME PER SHARE – BASIC\$0.39\$0.47	Other income	466,697	434,836			
Salaries and employee benefits $3,796,985$ $3,276,246$ Stock option expense $181,672$ $396,455$ Occupancy and equipment $1,125,465$ $1,042,192$ Loss on sale of other assets- $18,500$ Write-down on other real estate owned- $80,570$ Write-down on other asset owned- $25,810$ Other expenses $1,923,639$ $1,966,067$ Total non-interest expenses $7,027,761$ $6,805,840$ Net operating income before provision for- $1,237,184$ INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) $500,000$ $(799,200)$ Net income $1,706,962$ $2,036,384$ Dividends on preferred stock $81,200$ $81,200$ Net income available to common shareholders\$ $1,625,762$ \$NET INCOME PER SHARE – BASIC\$ 0.39 \$ 0.47	Total non-interest income	1,764,047	1,634,664			
Stock option expense $181,672$ $396,455$ Occupancy and equipment $1,125,465$ $1,042,192$ Loss on sale of other assets- $18,500$ Write-down on other real estate owned- $80,570$ Write-down on other asset owned- $25,810$ Other expenses $1,923,639$ $1,966,067$ Total non-interest expenses $7,027,761$ $6,805,840$ Net operating income before provision for income taxes $2,206,962$ $1,237,184$ INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) $500,000$ $(799,200)$ Net income $1,706,962$ $2,036,384$ Dividends on preferred stock $81,200$ $81,200$ Net income available to common shareholders $$ 1,625,762$ $$ 1,955,184$ NET INCOME PER SHARE - BASIC $$ 0.39$ $$ 0.47$	NON-INTEREST EXPENSES					
Occupancy and equipment 1,125,465 1,042,192 Loss on sale of other assets - 18,500 Write-down on other real estate owned - 80,570 Write-down on other asset owned - 25,810 Other expenses 1,923,639 1,966,067 Total non-interest expenses 7,027,761 6,805,840 Net operating income before provision for - - income taxes 2,206,962 1,237,184 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) 500,000 (799,200) Net income 1,706,962 2,036,384 Dividends on preferred stock 81,200 81,200 Net income available to common shareholders \$ 1,625,762 \$ 1,955,184 NET INCOME PER SHARE – BASIC \$ 0.39 \$ 0.47	Salaries and employee benefits	3,796,985	3,276,246			
Loss on sale of other assets-18,500Write-down on other real estate owned-80,570Write-down on other asset owned-25,810Other expenses1,923,6391,966,067Total non-interest expenses7,027,7616,805,840Net operating income before provision for income taxes2,206,9621,237,184INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)500,000(799,200)Net income1,706,9622,036,384Dividends on preferred stock81,20081,200Net income available to common shareholders\$1,625,762\$INCOME PER SHARE – BASIC\$0.39\$0.47	Stock option expense	181,672	396,455			
Write-down on other real estate owned - 80,570 Write-down on other asset owned - 25,810 Other expenses 1,923,639 1,966,067 Total non-interest expenses 7,027,761 6,805,840 Net operating income before provision for - - income taxes 2,206,962 1,237,184 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) 500,000 (799,200) Net income 1,706,962 2,036,384 Dividends on preferred stock 81,200 81,200 Net income available to common shareholders \$ 1,625,762 \$ 1,955,184 NET INCOME PER SHARE – BASIC \$ 0.39 \$ 0.47	Occupancy and equipment	1,125,465	1,042,192			
Write-down on other asset owned - 25,810 Other expenses 1,923,639 1,966,067 Total non-interest expenses 7,027,761 6,805,840 Net operating income before provision for 500,000 (799,200) INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) 500,000 (799,200) Net income 1,706,962 2,036,384 Dividends on preferred stock 81,200 81,200 Net income available to common shareholders \$ 1,625,762 \$ 1,955,184 NET INCOME PER SHARE – BASIC \$ 0.39 \$ 0.47	Loss on sale of other assets	-	18,500			
Other expenses 1,923,639 1,966,067 Total non-interest expenses 7,027,761 6,805,840 Net operating income before provision for 2,206,962 1,237,184 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) 500,000 (799,200) Net income 1,706,962 2,036,384 Dividends on preferred stock 81,200 81,200 Net income available to common shareholders \$ 1,625,762 \$ 1,955,184 NET INCOME PER SHARE – BASIC \$ 0.39 \$ 0.47	Write-down on other real estate owned	-	80,570			
Total non-interest expenses 7,027,761 6,805,840 Net operating income before provision for 2,206,962 1,237,184 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) 500,000 (799,200) Net income 1,706,962 2,036,384 Dividends on preferred stock 81,200 81,200 Net income available to common shareholders \$ 1,625,762 \$ 1,955,184 NET INCOME PER SHARE – BASIC \$ 0.39 \$ 0.47	Write-down on other asset owned	-				
Net operating income before provision for income taxes 2,206,962 1,237,184 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) 500,000 (799,200) Net income 1,706,962 2,036,384 Dividends on preferred stock 81,200 81,200 Net income available to common shareholders \$ 1,625,762 \$ 1,955,184 NET INCOME PER SHARE – BASIC \$ 0.39 \$ 0.47	Other expenses	1,923,639	1,966,067			
income taxes 2,206,962 1,237,184 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) 500,000 (799,200) Net income 1,706,962 2,036,384 Dividends on preferred stock 81,200 81,200 Net income available to common shareholders \$ 1,625,762 \$ 1,955,184 NET INCOME PER SHARE - BASIC \$ 0.39 \$ 0.47	Total non-interest expenses	7,027,761	6,805,840			
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT) 500,000 (799,200) Net income 1,706,962 2,036,384 Dividends on preferred stock 81,200 81,200 Net income available to common shareholders \$ 1,625,762 \$ 1,955,184 NET INCOME PER SHARE – BASIC \$ 0.39 \$ 0.47	Net operating income before provision for					
Net income 1,706,962 2,036,384 Dividends on preferred stock 81,200 81,200 Net income available to common shareholders \$ 1,625,762 \$ 1,955,184 NET INCOME PER SHARE – BASIC \$ 0.39 \$ 0.47		2,206,962	1,237,184			
Dividends on preferred stock81,20081,200Net income available to common shareholders\$ 1,625,762\$ 1,955,184NET INCOME PER SHARE – BASIC\$ 0.39\$ 0.47	INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)	500,000	(799,200)			
Net income available to common shareholders\$ 1,625,762\$ 1,955,184NET INCOME PER SHARE – BASIC\$ 0.39\$ 0.47	Net income	1,706,962	2,036,384			
NET INCOME PER SHARE – BASIC\$0.39\$0.47	Dividends on preferred stock	81,200	81,200			
	Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 1,625,762	\$ 1,955,184			
NET INCOME PER SHARE – DILUTED\$0.38\$0.47	NET INCOME PER SHARE – BASIC	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.47			
	NET INCOME PER SHARE – DILUTED	\$ 0.38	\$ 0.47			

See accompanying notes and report of independent auditors

COMMUNITY BANK OF THE BAY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,				
		2014		2013	
Net income	\$	1,706,962	\$	2,036,384	
Unrealized gain (loss)					
on available-for-sale securities		170,863		(177,301)	
Reclassification adjustment for net gain realized and					
reported in net income		(47,623)		(24,031)	
Net unrealized gains (losses)		123,240		(201,332)	
Income tax (expense) benefit		(41,902)		84,883	
Other comprehensive income (loss)		81,338		(116,449)	
Total comprehensive income	\$	1,788,300	\$	1,919,935	

COMMUNITY BANK OF THE BAY STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Preferred	Comn	Class A Class B Common Stock Common Stock		on Stock	Accumulated	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Total Shareholders'
	Stock	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Deficit	Income (Loss)	Equity
Balances, January 1, 2013	\$ 4,060,000	4,115,424	\$ 20,422,249	56,844	\$ 1,421,100	\$ (9,223,985)	\$ 50,951	\$ 16,730,315
Stock option exercised	-	16,500	57,375	-	-	-	-	57,375
Stock option expense	-	-	396,455	-	-	-	-	396,455
Dividend paid on preferred stock	-	-	-	-	-	(81,200)	-	(81,200)
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	2,036,384	-	2,036,384
Other comprehensive loss			<u> </u>			<u> </u>	(116,449)	(116,449)
Balances, December 31, 2013	4,060,000	4,131,924	20,876,079	56,844	1,421,100	(7,268,801)	(65,498)	19,022,880
Stock option exercised	-	31,667	108,857	-	-	-	-	108,857
Stock option expense	-	-	181,672	-	-	-	-	181,672
Dividend paid on preferred stock	-	-	-	-	-	(81,200)	-	(81,200)
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	1,706,962	-	1,706,962
Other comprehensive income		-	<u> </u>	-			81,338	81,338
Balances, December 31, 2014	\$ 4,060,000	4,163,591	\$ 21,166,608	56,844	\$ 1,421,100	\$ (5,643,039)	\$ 15,840	\$ 21,020,509

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

COMMUNITY BANK OF THE BAY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Z0142013CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income\$ 1,706,962\$ 2,036,384Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities: Provision for loan losses400,000225,000Change in deferred loan origination fees, net106,946(1,891)Depreciation, amortization, and accretion226,170217,969Gain on sale of securities(47,623)(24,031)Proceeds from the sale of loans held for sale(3,072,416)(5,169,617)Gain on sale of loans(445,666)(596,625)Loss on sale of other assets-18,500Stock option expense181,672396,455Write-down of other real estate owned-25,810Increase in cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance(114,770)(117,257)Decrease (increase) in interest receivable and other assets182,149(703,497)Increase in interest payable and other assets589,063115,299Net cash from operating activities4,311,9811,269,688Proceeds from sold, called, and matured available-for-sale investment securities1,684,2131,643,663Purchases of available-for-sale investment securities1,529,744-Net increase in interest-bearing deposits(4,248,000)(5,496,996)Proceeds from maturities of interest-bearing deposits(4,248,000)(5,496,996)Proceeds from sale of interest-bearing deposits(4,248,000)(5,496,996)Proceeds from sale of interest-bearing deposits(4,248,000)(5,		YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,			
Net income\$ 1,706,962\$ 2,036,384Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities: Provision for loan losses400,000225,000Change in deferred loan origination fees, net 106,946106,946(1,891)Depreciation, amortization, and accretion 226,170217,969217,969Gain on sale of securities(47,623)(24,031)Proceeds from the sale of loans held for sale(3,072,416)(5,169,617)Gain on sale of other assets-18,500Stock option expense181,672396,455Write-down of other real estate owned-25,810Increase in cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance(114,770)(117,257)Decrease (increase) in interest receivable and other assets182,149(703,497)Increase in interest payable and other labilities589,063115,299Net cash from operating activities4,076,8282,507,877CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from sold, called, and matured available-for-sale investment securities1,684,2131,643,663Proceeds from principal repayments from available-for-sale investment securities1,684,2131,643,663Purchases of available-for-sale investment securities1,524,744-Net increase in loans(49,294,4477)(18,159,582)Purchases of interest-bearing deposits1,524,744-Net increase in loans(49,294,4477)(18,159,582)Purchases of premises and equipment(219,473)(430,831)Purchases of		2	2014		2013
Net income\$ 1,706,962\$ 2,036,384Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities: Provision for loan losses400,000225,000Change in deferred loan origination fees, net 106,946106,946(1,891)Depreciation, amortization, and accretion 226,170217,969217,969Gain on sale of securities(47,623)(24,031)Proceeds from the sale of loans held for sale(3,072,416)(5,169,617)Gain on sale of other assets-18,500Stock option expense181,672396,455Write-down of other real estate owned-25,810Increase in cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance(114,770)(117,257)Decrease (increase) in interest receivable and other assets182,149(703,497)Increase in interest payable and other labilities589,063115,299Net cash from operating activities4,076,8282,507,877CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from sold, called, and matured available-for-sale investment securities1,684,2131,643,663Proceeds from principal repayments from available-for-sale investment securities1,684,2131,643,663Purchases of available-for-sale investment securities1,524,744-Net increase in loans(49,294,447)(18,159,582)Purchases of interest-bearing deposits1,524,744-Net increase in loans(49,294,447)(18,159,582)Purchases of premises and equipment(219,473)(430,831)Purchases of FH	CASH ELOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES.				
Adjustments to reconcile net income tonet cash from operating activities:Provision for loan losses400,000Change in deferred loan origination fees, net106,946106,946(1,891)Depreciation, amortization, and accretion226,170217,969Gain on sale of securities(47,623)Gain on sale of securities(47,623)Originations of loans held for sale4,364,3416,004,808Originations of loans held for sale(3,072,416)0.5100Stock option expense181,672396,455Stock option expense181,672396,455Write-down of other real estate owned-80,570Write-down of other real estate owned-10100Increase in cash surrender value of-bank owned life insurance(114,770)(117,257)Decrease (increase) in interest receivable-and other assets182,149(703,497)Increase in interest payable-and other liabilities589,063115,299Net cash from operating activities4,311,9811,269,688Proceeds from sold, called, and maturedavailable-for-sale investment securities1,684,2131,643,663Purchases of available-for-sale investment securities(3,590,347)(4,170,275)Purchase of interest-bearing deposits(4,248,000)(5,496,996)Proceeds from maturities of interest-bearing deposits1,524,744-Net increase in loans(49,294,447)(18,159,582)P		\$ 1	1 706 962	\$	2 036 384
net cash from operating activities:Provision for loan losses400,000225,000Change in deferred loan origination fees, net106,946(1,891)Depreciation, amortization, and accretion226,170217,969Gain on sale of securities(47,623)(24,031)Proceeds from the sale of loans held for sale4,364,3416,004,808Originations of loans held for sale(3,072,416)(5,169,617)Gain on sale of loans(445,666)(596,625)Loss on sale of other assets-18,500Stock option expense181,672396,455Write-down of other real estate owned-25,810Increase in cash surrender value of-25,810Increase in cash surrender value of-25,810Increase (increase) in interest receivable-117,257)Decrease (increase) in interest receivable-25,810and other assets182,149(703,497)Increase in interest payableand other liabilities589,063115,299Net cash from operating activities4,311,9811,269,688Proceeds from sold, called, and maturedavailable-for-sale investment securities1,684,2131,643,663Purchases of available-for-sale investment securities1,524,744-Net increase in loans(49,294,447)(18,159,582)Purchases of interest-bearing deposits1,524,744-Net increase in loans(49,294,447)(18,159,582)Purchases of		Ψ	1,700,902	Ψ	2,000,001
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Gain on sale of loans(445,666)(596,625)Loss on sale of other assets-18,500Stock option expense181,672396,455Write-down of other real estate owned-80,570Write-down of other asset owned-25,810Increase in cash surrender value of-25,810bank owned life insurance(114,770)(117,257)Decrease (increase) in interest receivableand other assets182,149(703,497)Increase in interest payableand other liabilities589,063115,299Net cash from operating activities4,076,8282,507,877CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:Proceeds from sold, called, and maturedavailable-for-sale investment securities1,684,2131,643,663Purchases of available-for-sale investment securities(3,590,347)(4,170,275)Purchases of interest-bearing deposits(4,248,000)(5,496,996)Proceeds from maturities of interest-bearing deposits1,524,744-Net increase in loans(49,294,447)(18,159,582)Purchases of premises and equipment(219,473)(430,831)Purchases of FHLB stock(76,400)(105,100)Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment-11,282					
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Write-down of other asset owned25,810Increase in cash surrender value of114,770)bank owned life insurance(114,770)Decrease (increase) in interest receivable182,149and other assets182,149Increase in interest payable115,299And other liabilities589,063Net cash from operating activities4,076,8282,507,877CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:Proceeds from sold, called, and maturedavailable-for-sale investment securities1,684,2131,643,663Purchases of available-for-sale investment securities(3,590,347)4,170,275)Purchases of interest-bearing deposits1,524,744Net increase in loans(49,294,447)Purchases of premises and equipment(219,473)Purchases of FHLB stock(76,400)Purchases of FHLB stock(76,400)Purchase of premises and equipment-11,282			-		
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Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment - 11,282			(76,400)		
	Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment		-		
			-		
Net cash from investing activities(49,907,729)(25,223,961)	Net cash from investing activities	(49	9,907,729)		(25,223,961)

COMMUNITY BANK OF THE BAY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,			
		2014		2013
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Net increase (decrease) in demand,				
interest bearing, and savings deposits		41,364,391		(7,731,318)
Net increase in time deposits		6,867,568		27,365,711
Dividends paid on preferred stock		(81,200)		(81,200)
Repayment of FHLB borrowings		(612)		(3,000,000)
Net (decrease) increase in federal funds purchased		(945,000)		945,000
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		108,857		57,375
· Toceeus itoin exercise of stock options		100,037		57,575
Net cash from financing activities		47,314,004		17,555,568
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,483,103		(5,160,516)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year		22,800,028		27,960,544
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$	24,283,131	\$	22,800,028
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:				
Cash paid during the year for:				
Interest expense	\$	689,686	\$	475,900
Income taxes	\$	155,000	\$	-
Non-cash investing and financing activities:				
Net loans transferred to other real estate owned	\$	970,911	\$	-

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

General – Community Bank of the Bay (the Bank) is a California state chartered bank that commenced banking operations on July 22, 1996. The Bank provides a range of banking services to individuals and businesses in the greater San Francisco Bay area, especially businesses employing residents of low and moderate income neighborhoods. The Bank's primary source of revenue is generated from providing loans to customers who are predominately small and middle market businesses and individuals residing in the surrounding areas.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the Bank conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and prevailing practices within the banking industry.

Use of estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The allowance for loan losses is the most significant accounting estimate reflected in the Bank's financial statements. The allowance for loan losses includes charges to reduce the recorded balances of loans receivable to their estimated net realizable value, as appropriate. The allowance is based on estimates, and ultimate losses may vary from current estimates. These estimates for losses are based on individual assets and their related cash flow forecasts, sales values, independent appraisals, the volatility of certain real estate markets, and concern for disposing of real estate in distressed markets. Although management of the Bank believes the estimates underlying the calculation of specific allowances are reasonable, there can be no assurances that the Bank could ultimately realize these values. In addition to providing valuation allowances on specific assets where a decline in value has been identified, the Bank establishes general valuation allowances for losses based on the overall portfolio composition, general market conditions, concentrations, and prior loss experience.

Other significant management judgments and accounting estimates reflected in the Bank's financial statements include:

- Decisions regarding the timing and placement of loans on non-accrual;
- Determination, recognition, and measurement of impaired loans;
- Determination and evaluation of deferred tax assets and liabilities;
- Determination of the fair value of stock option awards;
- Determination of the fair value of financial instruments; and
- Determination of the fair value of other real estate owned.

Concentrations of credit risk – Assets and liabilities that subject the Bank to concentrations of credit risk consist of loans and deposits. Most of the Bank's customers are located within Alameda and Contra Costa counties and the surrounding areas. The Bank's primary lending products are discussed in Note 5 to the financial statements. The Bank did not have any significant concentrations in its business with any one customer or industry. The Bank obtains what it believes to be sufficient collateral to secure potential losses on loans. The extent and value of collateral varies based upon the details underlying each loan agreement.

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Bank had cash deposits at other financial institutions in excess of FDIC insured limits. However, as the Bank places these deposits with major financial institutions and monitors the financial condition of these institutions, management believes the risk of loss to be minimal.

Cash and cash equivalents – For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Bank considers cash, due from banks, money market funds, federal funds sold, and securities purchased under agreements to resell to be cash equivalents. All have maturities of three months or less.

Available-for-sale investment securities – Available-for-sale securities are reported at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses excluded from earnings and reported, net of taxes, as accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) within shareholders' equity.

Management determines the appropriate classification of its investment securities at the time of purchase and may only change the classification in certain limited circumstances. At December 31, 2014 and 2013, all of the Bank's investments were classified as available for sale.

Gains and losses on the sale of investment securities are computed using the specific identification method. Interest earned on investment securities is reported in interest income, net of applicable adjustments for accretion of discounts and amortization of premiums.

Investments with fair values that are less than amortized cost are considered impaired. Impairment may result from either a decline in the financial condition of the issuing entity or, in the case of fixed interest rate investments, from rising interest rates. At each financial statement date, management assesses each investment to determine if impaired investments are temporarily impaired or if the impairment is other than temporary. This assessment includes a determination of whether the Bank intends to sell the security, or if it is more likely than not that the Bank will be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis less any current-period credit losses. For debt securities that are considered other than temporarily impaired and that the Bank does not intend to sell and will not be required to sell prior to recovery of the amortized cost basis, the amount of impairment is separated into the amount that is credit related (credit loss component) and the amount due to all other factors. The credit loss component is recognized in earnings and is calculated as the difference between the security's amortized cost basis and the present value of its expected future cash flows. The remaining difference between the security's fair value and the present value of the future expected cash flows is deemed to be due to factors that are not credit related and is recognized in other comprehensive income (loss).

Investment in Federal Home Loan Bank stock – In order to borrow from the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), the Bank is required to maintain an investment in FHLB capital stock. The investment of \$656,500 and \$580,100 at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, is carried at cost, redeemable at par, at the discretion of the FHLB, and included in interest receivable and other assets on the balance sheet.

Loans and loan fees – Loans are reported at their principal outstanding balance net of charge-offs. Loan origination fees and certain direct loan origination costs are deferred and the net amounts are amortized to interest income by a method that approximates a level yield over the contractual life of the underlying loans.

Income recognition on loans – Interest on loans, other than discounted installment loans, is credited to income based on the principal amount outstanding on a daily basis. Interest on discounted installment loans is recognized by a method which approximates the effective interest method. Interest accruals are discontinued on certain loans when collection of principal or interest is considered doubtful, or when a loan becomes contractually past due by 90 days or more with respect to interest or principal. When a loan is placed on non-accrual status, all interest previously accrued but not collected is reversed against current period interest income. Income on such loans is then recognized only to the extent that cash is received and where the future collection of principal is probable. Interest accruals are resumed on such loans when, in the judgment of management, the loans are estimated to be fully collectible as to both principal and interest.

Allowance for loan losses – The allowance for loan losses is established through a provision for loan losses charged to operations. The adequacy of the allowance for loan losses is periodically evaluated by the Bank in order to maintain the allowance at a level that, in the opinion of management, is adequate to absorb losses inherent in existing loans. Management's evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance is based on a consideration of the Bank's historical loss experience, known and inherent risks in the loan portfolio, including adverse circumstances that may affect the ability of the borrower to repay interest and/or principal, the estimated value of any underlying collateral, and an analysis of the levels and trends of delinquencies and charge-offs. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

When a loan or portion of a loan is determined to be uncollectible, the portion deemed uncollectible is charged against the allowance and subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance.

The allowance consists of specific, general, and unallocated components. The specific component relates to loans that are classified as impaired. Impaired loans, as defined, are measured based on the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. The general component relates to non-impaired loans and is based on historical loss experience adjusted for qualitative factors. An unallocated component may be maintained to cover uncertainties that could affect management's estimate of probable losses. The unallocated component of the allowance reflects the margin of imprecision inherent in the underlying assumptions used in the methodologies for estimating specific and general losses in the portfolio.

Allowance for loan losses (continued) – A loan is considered impaired if, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Bank will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal or interest when due, according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Generally, the Bank measures impaired loans based on the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the historical effective interest rate, except that all collateral-dependent loans are measured for impairment based on the fair value of the collateral.

Troubled debt restructuring – In situations where, for economic or legal reasons related to a borrower's financial difficulties, the Bank grants a concession to the borrower that it would not otherwise consider, the related loan is classified as a troubled debt restructuring. The Bank measures any loss on the troubled debt restructuring in accordance with the guidance concerning impaired loans set forth above. Additionally, loans modified in troubled debt restructurings are generally placed on non-accrual status at the time of restructuring. These loans are returned to accrual status after the borrower demonstrates performance with the modified terms for a sustained period of time (generally six months) and has the capacity to continue to perform in accordance with the modified terms of the restructured debt.

Loans held for sale – The Bank has originated government guaranteed loans to customers under the Small Business Administration (SBA) program. The SBA provides guarantees of 75% to 90% of each loan. For some of these loans, the Bank sells the guaranteed portion of the loan to a third party and retains the unguaranteed portion in its own portfolio. Loans held for sale include government loans and are reported at the lower of cost or market value. Cost generally approximates market value, given the short duration of these assets. Gains or losses on the sale of loans that are held for sale are recognized at the time of the sale, subject to the expiration of any warranty or recourse provisions, and determined by the difference between net sale proceeds and the net book value of the loans less the estimated fair value of any retained mortgage servicing rights.

Servicing assets – Periodically, the Bank sells loans and retains the servicing rights. The gain or loss on sale of loans depends in part on the previous carrying amount of the financial assets involved in the transfer, allocated between the assets sold and the retained interests based on their relative fair value at the date of transfer. To obtain fair values, quoted market prices are used, if available. However, quotes are generally not available for retained interests, so the Bank generally estimates fair value based on the present value of future expected cash flows using management's best estimates of the key assumptions – credit losses, prepayment speeds, forward yield curves, and discount rates commensurate with the risks involved.

The Bank accounts for the transfer and servicing of financial assets based on the financial and servicing assets it controls and liabilities it has incurred, derecognizes financial assets when control has been surrendered, and derecognizes liabilities when extinguished.

Servicing assets (continued) – Total servicing assets included in other assets were \$358,569 and \$344,916 at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The Bank evaluated the servicing asset for impairment at December 31, 2014 and 2013 and determined that no valuation allowance was needed.

The Bank services loans that have been participated with other financial institutions totaling \$28,260,807 and \$26,597,115 as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. These loans were sold without recourse and, therefore, the sold balances are not included on the Bank's balance sheets.

Transfers of financial assets – Transfers of financial assets are accounted for as sales when control over the assets has been surrendered. Control over transferred assets is deemed to be surrendered when: (1) the assets have been isolated from the Bank, (2) the transferee obtains the rights (free of conditions that prevent it from taking advantage of that right) to pledge or exchange the transferred assets, and (3) the Bank does not maintain effective control over the transferred assets through an agreement to repurchase them before their maturity.

The Bank sells certain portions of government guaranteed loans in the secondary market. These sales are recorded by the Bank when control is surrendered and any warranty period or recourse provision expires. There were no warranty or recourse provisions outstanding at December 31, 2014 for loans sold during 2014 and 2013.

Premises and equipment – Premises and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization are provided for in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives using the straight-line basis. The estimated lives used in determining depreciation are:

Leasehold improvements	5 years
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	3 – 7 years

Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the useful life of the asset or the term of the lease. The straight-line method of depreciation is followed for all assets for financial reporting purposes, but accelerated methods are used for tax purposes. Deferred income taxes have been provided for the resulting temporary differences.

Bank-owned life insurance – The Bank has purchased insurance on the lives of Bank executives. The policies accumulate asset values to meet future liabilities including payment of employee benefits such as split dollar life insurance agreements, which provide an insurance benefit to the family of the individual on whom the policy is held. The cash surrender value of policies is recorded as an asset on the balance sheets. Increases in the cash surrender value are recorded as other non-interest income in the statements of operations.

Other real estate owned – Other real estate owned is comprised of property acquired through foreclosure in satisfaction of indebtedness. These properties are recorded at fair value less estimated selling costs at the time of foreclosure establishing a new cost basis. Revised estimates to the fair value less cost to sell are reported as adjustments to the carrying amount of the asset, provided that such adjusted value is not in excess of the carrying amount at acquisition. Initial losses on properties acquired through full or partial satisfaction of debt are treated as credit losses and charged to the allowance for loan losses at the time of acquisition. Subsequent declines in value from the recorded amounts, routine holding costs, and gains or losses upon disposition, if any, are included in non-interest income or expense as incurred.

Income taxes – The Bank uses the asset and liability method to account for income taxes. Under such method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences of differences between financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis (temporary differences). Deferred tax assets and liabilities are reflected at currently enacted income tax rates applicable to the year in which the deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be realized or settled. As changes in tax laws or rates are enacted, deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted through the provision for income taxes in the year of enactment.

A valuation allowance is established to the extent that it is more likely than not that the benefits associated with the deferred tax assets will not be fully realized.

The Bank had no unrecognized tax benefits at December 31, 2014 and 2013.

The Bank recognizes interest accrued and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in tax expense. During the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Bank recognized no interest and penalties.

With few exceptions, the Bank is no longer subject to examinations by U.S. federal taxing authorities for years ended before December 31, 2011, and by state authorities for years ended before December 31, 2010.

Comprehensive income – Comprehensive income includes net income and other comprehensive income. The Bank's primary source of comprehensive income is unrealized gains and losses on securities available for sale. Reclassification adjustments result from gains or losses on securities that are realized and included in net income of the current period that also had been included in other comprehensive income as unrealized holding gains or losses in the period in which they arose. Total comprehensive income and the components of accumulated other comprehensive income are presented in the statements of comprehensive income.

Stock-based compensation – The Bank recognizes compensation expense for awards of stock options to employees and directors based on the grant-date fair value of those awards. The fair value of each option granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes options-pricing model. The assumptions used in this model include an estimate of expected volatility, which is based on the historical volatility of the price of similar bank stocks, and an estimate of the expected option term, which is based on consideration of the vesting period and contractual term of the option. In addition, the Bank estimates the number of options expected to be forfeited based on historical forfeiture rates. The risk-free interest rates are equal to the U.S. Treasury yield at the time of the grant and commensurate with the expected term of the grant. Expense is recognized over the vesting period of the options. The Bank's stock compensation plan and related assumptions used in determining the fair value of awards are discussed in Note 11.

Advertising costs – The Bank expenses advertising costs as they are incurred. Advertising expense was \$128,018 and \$65,594 for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Net income per share – Basic net income per share amounts are computed by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock, such as stock options, result in the issuance of common stock which share in the earnings of the Bank. The treasury stock method is applied to determine the dilutive effect of stock options when computing diluted earnings per share. However, dilutive earnings per share amounts are not presented when a net loss occurs because the conversion of potential common stock is anti-dilutive.

Reclassifications – Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2013 financial statements to conform to the classifications used in 2014.

Recent accounting pronouncements – adoption of new accounting standards – In January 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-04 - Receivables—Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors (Subtopic 310-40) - Reclassification of Residential Real Estate Collateralized Consumer Mortgage Loans upon Foreclosure. This update clarifies when an in-substance repossession or foreclosure occurs, that is, when a creditor should be considered to have received physical possession of residential real estate property collateralizing a consumer mortgage loan such that the loan receivable should be derecognized and the real estate property recognized. The objective of the amendments in this update is to reduce diversity in practice. An in-substance repossession or foreclosure occurs, and a creditor is considered to have received physical possession of residential real estate property collateralizing a consumer mortgage loan, upon either: (1) the creditor obtaining legal title to the residential real estate property upon completion of foreclosure or (2) the borrower conveying all interest in the residential real estate property to the creditor to satisfy the loan through completion of a deed in lieu of foreclosure or through a similar legal agreement. The amendments in this update are effective for public business entities for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2014. Early adoption is permitted. The Bank does not anticipate that the adoption of this ASU will have a material impact on the Bank's financial position, results of operation, cash flows, or disclosure.

Adoption of new accounting standards (continued) - In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers: Topic 606. This update affects any entity using U.S. GAAP that either enters into contracts with customers to transfer goods or services or enters into contracts for the transfer of non-financial assets unless those contracts are within the scope of other standards (e.g., insurance contracts or lease contracts). This ASU will supersede the revenue recognition requirements in Topic 605, Revenue Recognition, and most industry-specific guidance. This ASU also supersedes some cost guidance included in Subtopic 605-35, Revenue Recognition—Construction-Type and Production-Type Contracts. In addition, the existing requirements for the recognition of a gain or loss on the transfer of nonfinancial assets that are not in a contract with a customer (e.g., assets within the scope of Topic 360, Property, Plant, and Equipment, and intangible assets within the scope of Topic 350, Intangibles—Goodwill and Other) are amended to be consistent with the guidance on recognition and measurement (including the constraint on revenue) in this ASU. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. For a public entity, the amendments in this ASU are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early application is not permitted. The Bank does not anticipate that the adoption of this ASU will have a material impact on the Bank's financial position, results of operation, cash flows, or disclosure.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-14, Receivables –Troubled Debt Restructuring by Creditors. Under certain government-sponsored loan guarantee programs, such as those offered by the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) and the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), qualifying creditors can extend mortgage loans to borrowers with a guarantee that entitles the creditor to recover all or a portion of the unpaid principal balance from the government if the borrower defaults. The objective of this update is to reduce diversity in practice by addressing the classification of foreclosed mortgage loans that are fully or partially guaranteed under government programs. Currently, some creditors reclassify those loans to real estate as with other foreclosed loans that do not have guarantees; others reclassify the loans to other receivables. The amendments affect creditors that hold government-guaranteed mortgage loans, including those guaranteed by the FHA and the VA. This ASU is effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014 with early adoption permitted. The Bank does not anticipate that the adoption of this ASU will have a material impact on the Bank's financial position, results of operation, cash flows, or disclosure.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS

Cash and due from banks includes balances with the Federal Reserve Bank and other correspondent banks. The average reserve requirements are based on a percentage of the Bank's deposit liabilities. In addition, the Federal Reserve Bank requires the Bank to maintain a certain minimum balance at all times. At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Bank's cash balances were sufficient to comply with this reserve requirement and, therefore, no such reserve balances were required to be held with the Federal Reserve Bank.

NOTE 4 – AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENT SECURITIES

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of available-for-sale securities as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	2014							
				Gross		Gross	Estimated	
	A	mortized	Ur	nrealized	U	nrealized		Fair
		Cost	Gains		Losses		Value	
Municipal securities (taxable)	\$	991,044	\$	9,823	\$	(15,178)	\$	985,689
Municipal securities								
(non-taxable)		507,381		5,704		-		513,085
U.S. agency		500,000		-		(16,810)		483,190
Mortgage-backed securities		1,951,148		18,666		(4,929)		1,964,885
CMOs		2,534,418		30,222		(5,439)		2,559,201
Corporates		656,194		1,940		-		658,134
	\$	7,140,185	\$	66,355	\$	(42,356)	\$	7,164,184

	2013							
			Gross		Gross		Estimated	
	Amortized	U	nrealized	U	nrealized		Fair	
	Cost		Gains	Losses			Value	
Municipal securities (taxable)	\$ 1,205,784	\$	7,824	\$	(54,724)	\$	1,158,884	
Municipal securities								
(non-taxable)	509,194		-		(9,139)		500,055	
U.S. agency	500,000		-		(33,245)		466,755	
Mortgage-backed securities	3,006,878		11,638		(41,010)		2,977,506	
CMOs	2,233,807		39,838		(66)		2,273,579	
Corporates	661,019		174		(3,243)		657,950	
U.S. Treasury	1,461,683		-		(17,288)		1,444,395	
	\$ 9,578,365	\$	59,474	\$	(158,715)	\$	9,479,124	

Proceeds from the sales of investment securities totaled \$4,311,981 and \$1,269,688 during the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Gross realized gains totaled \$55,347 and \$24,031 during 2014 and 2013, respectively. Gross realized losses totaled \$7,724 and \$0 during 2014 and 2013, respectively.

NOTE 4 – AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENT SECURITIES (CONTINUED)

Available-for-sale investment securities with unrealized losses at December 31, 2014 and 2013 are summarized and classified according to the duration of the loss period as follows:

	2014								
	Less than	12 months	12 month	s or more	Total				
	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized			
	Value	Loss	Value	Loss	Value	Loss			
Municipal securities									
(taxable)	\$ -	\$-	\$ 653,352	\$ (15,178)	\$ 653,352	\$ (15,178)			
U.S. agency	-	-	483,190	(16,810)	483,190	(16,810)			
Mortgage-backed securities	719,648	(1,457)	327,657	(3,472)	1,047,305	(4,929)			
CMOs	473,365	(5,439)			473,365	(5,439)			
	\$ 1,193,013	\$ (6,896)	\$ 1,464,199	\$ (35,460)	\$ 2,657,212	\$ (42,356)			
			20	13					
	Less than	12 months	12 month	s or more	Total				
	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized			
	Value	Loss	Value	Loss	Value	Loss			
Municipal securities									
(taxable)	\$ 821,163	\$ (14,514)	\$ 631,092	\$ (49,349)	\$ 1,452,255	\$ (63,863)			
U.S. agency	466,755	(33,245)	-	-	466,755	(33,245)			
Mortgage-backed securities	2,012,469	(40,983)	356,627	(27)	2,369,096	(41,010)			
CMOs	495,370	(66)	-	-	495,370	(66)			
Corporates	310,908	(3,243)	-	-	310,908	(3,243)			
U.S. Treasury	1,444,395	(17,288)			1,444,395	(17,288)			
	\$ 5,551,060	\$ (109,339)	\$ 987,719	\$ (49,376)	\$ 6,538,779	\$ (158,715)			

Certain investment securities shown above currently have fair values less than amortized cost and, therefore, contain unrealized losses. The Bank does not have the intent to sell the investments that are temporarily impaired, and it is more likely than not that the Bank will not be required to sell those investments before recovery of the amortized cost basis. The Bank has evaluated these securities and has determined that the decline in value is not other than temporary and is related to the change in market interest rates since purchase. The decline in value is not related to any company or industry specific event. These temporary unrealized losses relate principally to current interest rates for similar types of securities. In analyzing an issuer's financial condition, management considers whether the securities are issued by the federal government or its agencies, whether downgrades by bond rating agencies have occurred, and the results of reviews of the issuer's financial condition. There were 7 and 15 investment securities with unrealized losses at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The Bank anticipates full recovery of amortized cost with respect to these securities at maturity or sooner in the event of a more favorable market interest rate environment.

NOTE 4 - AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENT SECURITIES (CONTINUED)

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of available-for-sale investment securities at December 31, 2014 by contractual maturity are shown below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because the issuers of the securities may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

			I	Estimated	
	I	Amortized		Fair	
			Value		
Due in one year or less	\$	-	\$	-	
Due after one year through five years		1,202,315		1,214,931	
Due after five years through ten years		2,409,293		2,392,743	
Due after ten years		3,528,577		3,556,510	
	\$	7,140,185	\$	7,164,184	

Investment securities with amortized costs of \$1,344,615 and \$3,572,883 and estimated fair values of \$1,340,440 and \$3,640,141 were pledged to secure public funds, lines of credit, and Federal Home Loan Bank advances at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

NOTE 5 – LOANS

Outstanding loans, by class, are summarized as follows:

	DECEMBER 31,						
	2014	2013					
Commercial	\$ 56,107,356	\$ 50,975,040					
Commercial real estate							
Non-owner occupied	59,606,377	37,298,927					
Owner occupied	42,756,463	33,297,667					
Construction and land	11,733,105	2,854,862					
Consumer	4,454,476	1,922,075					
	174,657,777	126,348,571					
Deferred loan and costs, net	(143,182)	(36,236)					
Allowance for loan losses	(2,782,969)	(2,397,299)					
	\$ 171,731,626	\$ 123,915,036					

Salaries and employee benefits totaling \$358,000 and \$308,000 have been deferred as loan origination costs for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The Bank has certain lending policies and procedures in place that are designed to maximize loan income within an acceptable level of risk. Management reviews and approves these policies and procedures on a regular basis. A reporting system supplements the review process by providing management with frequent reports related to loan production, loan quality, concentrations of credit, loan delinquencies, and non-performing and potential problem loans. Diversification in the loan portfolio is a means of managing risk associated with fluctuations in economic conditions.

Commercial loans are underwritten after evaluating and understanding the borrower's ability to operate profitably and prudently expand its business. Underwriting standards are designed to promote relationship banking rather than transactional banking. Once it is determined that the borrower's management possesses sound ethics and solid business acumen, the Bank's management examines current and projected cash flows to determine the ability of the borrower to repay their obligations as agreed. Commercial loans are primarily made based on the identified cash flows of the borrower and secondarily on the underlying collateral provided by the borrower. The cash flows of borrowers, however, may not be as expected and the collateral securing these loans may fluctuate in value. Most commercial loans are secured by the assets being financed or other business assets such as accounts receivable or inventory and may incorporate a personal guarantee; however, some short-term loans may be made on an unsecured basis. In the case of loans secured by accounts receivable, the availability of funds for the repayment of these loans may be substantially dependent on the ability of the borrower to collect amounts due from its customers.

Commercial real estate loans are subject to underwriting standards and processes similar to commercial loans, in addition to those of real estate loans. These loans are viewed primarily as cash flow loans and secondarily as loans secured by real estate. Commercial real estate lending typically involves higher loan principal amounts and the repayment of these loans is generally largely dependent on the successful operation of the property securing the loan or the business conducted on the property securing the loan. Commercial real estate loans may be more adversely affected by conditions in the real estate markets or in the general economy. The properties securing the Bank's commercial real estate portfolio are diverse in terms of type and geographic location. This diversity helps reduce the Bank's exposure to adverse economic events that affect any single market or industry. Management monitors and evaluates commercial real estate loans based on collateral, geography, and risk grade criteria. As a general rule, the Bank avoids financing single-purpose projects unless other underwriting factors are present to help mitigate risk. The Bank also utilizes third-party experts to provide insight and guidance about economic conditions and trends affecting market areas it serves. In addition, management tracks the level of owner-occupied commercial real estate loans versus non-owner occupied loans.

With respect to loans to developers and builders that are secured by non-owner occupied properties that the Bank may originate from time to time, the Bank generally requires the borrower to have had an existing relationship with the Bank and have a proven record of success. Construction loans are underwritten utilizing feasibility studies, independent appraisal reviews, sensitivity analysis of absorption and lease rates, and financial analysis of the developers and property owners. Construction loans are generally based upon estimates of costs and value associated with the completed project. These estimates may be inaccurate. Construction loans often involve the disbursement of substantial funds with repayment substantially dependent on the success of the ultimate project. Sources of repayment for these types of loans may be precommitted permanent loans from approved long-term lenders, sales of developed property, or an interim loan commitment from the Bank until permanent financing is obtained. These loans are closely monitored by on-site inspections and are considered to have higher risks than other real estate loans due to their ultimate repayment being sensitive to interest rate changes, governmental regulation of real property, general economic conditions, and the availability of long-term financing.

Consumer loans primarily consist of home equity lines of credit and loans and other personal loans. The Bank originates consumer loans utilizing credit history information, debt-to-income ratio, and loan-to-value ratio analysis. The Bank also evaluates the consumer's liquid assets and their ability to supplement cash flow for debt payment. To monitor and manage consumer loan risk, policies and procedures are developed and modified, as needed. This activity, coupled with relatively small loan amounts that are spread across many individual borrowers, minimizes risk. Underwriting standards for home equity loans include, but are not limited to, a maximum loan-to-value percentage of 80%, collection remedies, the number of such loans a borrower can have at one time, and documentation requirements. Personal loans are nearly evenly split between mobile home loans along with a small number of direct auto loans and installment loans. Personal unsecured loans are offered to consumers with additional underwriting procedures in place, including net worth and borrower's verified liquid assets analysis. In general, personal loans usually have a higher degree of risk than other types of loans.

The Bank utilizes an independent third party loan review consultant to review and validate the credit risk program on a periodic basis. Results of these reviews are presented to management and the Bank's Board of Directors. The loan review process complements and reinforces the risk identification and assessment decisions made by lenders and credit personnel, as well as the Bank's policies and procedures.

The following table summarizes the credit quality indicators related to the Bank's loans, by class, as of December 31, 2014:

	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Totals
Commercial	\$ 50,340,075	\$ 3,519,565	\$ 2,247,716	\$-	\$ 56,107,356
Commercial real estate					
Non-owner occupied	58,487,719	-	1,118,658	-	59,606,377
Owner occupied	40,832,949	227,590	1,695,924	-	42,756,463
Construction and land	11,665,033	-	68,072	-	11,733,105
Consumer	4,395,550	58,926			4,454,476
Total	\$ 165,721,326	\$ 3,806,081	\$ 5,130,370	<u>\$-</u>	\$ 174,657,777

The following table summarizes the credit quality indicators related to the Bank's loans, by class, as of December 31, 2013:

		Special			
	Pass	Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Totals
Commercial	\$ 46,825,966	\$ 1,560,215	\$ 2,588,859	\$-	\$ 50,975,040
Commercial real estate					
Non-owner occupied	34,322,600	2,171,702	804,625	-	37,298,927
Owner occupied	30,143,550	-	3,154,117	-	33,297,667
Construction and land	2,652,727	-	202,135	-	2,854,862
Consumer	1,922,075				1,922,075
Total	\$ 115,866,918	\$ 3,731,917	\$ 6,749,736	\$-	\$ 126,348,571

As a part of the on-going monitoring of the credit quality of the Bank's loan portfolio, management monitors certain credit quality indicators including trends related to risk grade classifications, concentrations, net charge-offs, non-performing loans, and general economic conditions.

The Bank uses a risk grading system to assign a risk grade to each of its loans. Loans are graded on a scale of 1 to 9, with grades 1 to 5 being termed pass loans and grades 6, 7, 8, and 9 being termed special mention, substandard, doubtful, and loss, respectively. A description of the general characteristics of the nine grades is as follows:

Pass (grades 1 – 5) – These loans generally conform to the Bank's underwriting criteria and evidence an acceptable level of credit risk.

Special Mention (grade 6) – These loans have weaknesses that require management's close attention. These weaknesses expose the Bank to a sufficient degree of risk to warrant classification. If left uncorrected, these weaknesses will result in deterioration of the loan's repayment prospects or the borrower's credit position at a future date. Loans in this category are currently protected, but are potentially weak. The loans may (particularly in the short term) constitute a greater than average credit risk, but do not presently expose the Bank to a sufficient degree of risk to warrant adverse classification. This is a temporary classification pending identification of improvement or deterioration in the criticized asset.

Substandard (grade 7) – Substandard loans are inadequately protected by the current net worth and financial capacity of the borrower or the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Bank will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected. Loss potential, while existing in the aggregate amount of substandard loans, does not have to exist in individual loans classified substandard.

Doubtful (grade 8) – Loans classified doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable. The probability of loss is extremely high but because of certain important and reasonably specific pending factors which may work to strengthen (or weaken) the loan, its classification as an estimated loss is deferred until its more exact status may be determined. Pending factors that may necessitate a doubtful classification include bankruptcy or liquidation procedures, capital injection, or perfecting liens on additional collateral refinancing plans. The Bank considers doubtful to be a temporary classification and will only classify an asset, or portion of an asset, as such when information is not available to conclude as to classification or more clearly define the potential for loss.

Loss (grade 9) – Assets classified loss are considered uncollectible and of such little value that their continuance as assets is not warranted. This classification does not mean that an asset has absolutely no recovery or salvage value, but rather that it is not practical or desirable to defer writing off a basically worthless asset even though partial recovery may be affected in the future. Losses are taken in the period in which they are identified as uncollectible.

Age analysis of past due loans – The age analysis of past due loans by class as of December 31, 2014 consisted of the following:

												R	lecorded
					G	Greater						Inv	restment >
	30-59) Days	60)-89 Days		Than	Т	'otal Past			Total	90	Days and
	Past	Due	F	Past Due	9	0 Days		Due	Current	Current Loan		A	Accruing
Commercial	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 56,107,356	\$	56,107,356	\$	
Commercial real estate													
Non-owner occupied		-		-		-		-	59,606,377		59,606,377		-
Owner occupied		-		292,280		-		292,280	42,464,183		42,756,463		-
Construction and land		-		-		-		-	11,733,105		11,733,105		
Consumer		-		-		-		-	4,454,476		4,454,476		-
Total	\$	-	\$	292,280	\$	-	\$	292,280	\$ 174,365,497	\$	174,657,777	\$	-

The age analysis of past due loans by class as of December 31, 2013 consisted of the following:

							Recorded
			Greater				Investment >
	30-59 Days	60-89 Days	Than	Total Past		Total	90 Days and
	Past Due	Past Due	90 Days	Due	Current	Loans	Accruing
Commercial	\$ 643,130	\$-	\$-	\$ 643,130	\$ 50,331,910	\$ 50,975,040	\$-
Commercial real estate							
Non-owner occupied	266,691	-	-	266,691	37,032,236	37,298,927	-
Owner occupied	-	-	-	-	33,297,667	33,297,667	-
Construction and land	-	-	-	-	2,854,862	2,854,862	-
Consumer	-	-	-	-	1,922,075	1,922,075	-
Total	\$ 909,821	\$-	\$-	\$ 909,821	\$ 125,438,750	\$ 126,348,571	\$-

Information related to impaired loans by class as of December 31, 2014 and for the year then ended consisted of the following:

	Co	ommercial	F	ommercial Real Estate Ion-Owner Occupied	1	commercial Real Estate Owner Occupied	nstruction nd Land	Con	sumer	 Total
Recorded investment in impaired loans:										
With no specific allowance recorded	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
With a specific allowance recorded		658,416		938,658		1,040,957	 68,072		-	 2,706,103
Total recorded investment in impaired loans	\$	658,416	\$	938,658	\$	1,040,957	\$ 68,072	\$		\$ 2,706,103
Unpaid principal balance of impaired loans:										
With no specific allowance recorded	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
With a specific allowance recorded		699,835		1,041,402		1,088,440	 72,257		-	 2,901,934
Total unpaid principal balance of impaired loans	\$	699,835	\$	1,041,402	\$	1,088,440	\$ 72,257	\$	-	\$ 2,901,934
Specific allowance	\$	11,517	\$	7,155	\$	45,063	\$ 621	\$	-	\$ 64,356
Average recorded investment in impaired loans during										
the year		636,110		738,296		1,610,027	135,104		-	3,119,537
Interest income recognized in impaired loans during										
the year		8,518		60,523		32,961	-		-	102,002

Information related to impaired loans by class as of December 31, 2013 and for the year then ended consisted of the following:

	Commercial	Commercial Real Estate Non-Owner Occupied	Commercial Real Estate Owner Occupied	Construction and Land	Consumer	Total
Recorded investment in impaired loans:						
With no specific allowance recorded	\$ 426,385	\$ 537,934	\$ 772,636	\$ 202,135	\$-	\$ 1,939,090
With a specific allowance recorded	187,418		1,406,460		-	1,593,878
Total recorded investment in impaired loans	\$ 613,803	\$ 537,934	\$ 2,179,096	\$ 202,135	\$-	\$ 3,532,968
Unpaid principal balance of impaired loans:						
With no specific allowance recorded	\$ 443,400	\$ 537,934	\$ 928,161	\$ 206,320	\$-	\$ 2,115,815
With a specific allowance recorded	200,287		1,433,180		-	1,633,467
Total unpaid principal balance of impaired loans	\$ 643,687	\$ 537,934	\$ 2,361,341	\$ 206,320	\$-	\$ 3,749,282
Specific allowance	\$ 8,991	\$-	\$ 48,203	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 57,194
Average recorded investment in impaired loans during						
the year	1,108,287	608,632	2,082,961	253,637	-	4,053,517
Interest income recognized in impaired loans during						
the year	60,050	45,548	-	-	-	105,598

Year end non-accrual loans, segregated by class, are as follows:

	DECEMBER 31,								
		2014		2013					
Commercial	\$	655,810	\$	923,335					
Commercial real estate									
Non-owner occupied		253,591		266,691					
Owner occupied		593,547		1,600,667					
Construction and land		68,072		202,135					
Consumer		-		-					
	\$	1,571,020	\$	2,992,828					

Changes in the allowance for loan losses, by class, for the year ended December 31, 2014 were as follows:

	Commercial	ommercial Real Estate		nstruction nd Land	(Consumer	Un	allocated		Total
Allowance for credit losses										
Beginning balance Charge-offs Recoveries Provision	\$ 1,061,689 (84,349) 106,487 13,745	\$ 1,193,803 (40,048) - 228,707	\$	41,401 - - 113,803	\$	100,406 - 3,580 (25,158)	\$	- - - 68,903	\$	2,397,299 (124,397) 110,067 400,000
Ending balance	\$ 1,097,572	\$ 1,382,462	\$	155,204	\$	78,828	\$	68,903	\$	2,782,969
Period-end amount allocated to: Loans individually evaluated for impairment Loans collectively evaluated for impairment	\$ 11,517 1,086,055	\$ 52,218	\$	621 154,583	\$	- 78,828	\$	- 68,903	\$	64,356 2,718,613
Ending balance	\$ 1,097,572	\$ 1,382,462	\$	155,204	\$	78,828	\$	68,903	\$	2,782,969
Loans Individually evaluated for										
impairment	\$ 658,416	\$ 1,979,615	\$	68,072	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,706,103
Collectively evaluated for impairment	55,448,940	100,383,225	1	1,665,033		4,454,476		_		171,951,674
Ending balance	\$56,107,356	\$ 102,362,840	\$ 1	1,733,105	\$	4,454,476	\$	-	\$ 3	174,657,777

Changes in the allowance for loan losses, by class, for the year ended December 31, 2013 were as follows:

	Commercial	Commercial Real Estate	 onstruction and Land	 Consumer	Un	allocated	 Total
Allowance for credit losses							
Beginning balance Charge-offs Recoveries Provision	\$ 1,253,430 (39,051) 25,000 (177,690)	\$ 981,565 (15,818) - 228,056	\$ - - 41,401	\$ 95,080 (147,316) - 152,642	\$	19,409 - - (19,409)	\$ 2,349,484 (202,185) 25,000 225,000
Ending balance	\$ 1,061,689	\$ 1,193,803	\$ 41,401	\$ 100,406	\$	-	\$ 2,397,299
Period-end amount allocated to: Loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 8,991	\$ 48,203	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 57,194
Loans collectively evaluated for impairment	1,052,698	1,145,600	41,401	100,406		-	 2,340,105
Ending balance	\$ 1,061,689	\$ 1,193,803	\$ 41,401	\$ 100,406	\$	-	\$ 2,397,299
Loans							
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 613,803	\$ 2,717,030	\$ 202,135	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 3,532,968
Collectively evaluated for impairment	50,361,237	 67,879,564	 2,652,727	 1,922,075		-	122,815,603
Ending balance	\$50,975,040	\$ 70,596,594	\$ 2,854,862	\$ 1,922,075	\$	-	\$ 126,348,571

During 2014, there were no loans where terms were modified in a troubled debt restructuring.

The following table summarizes loans to customers whose loan terms were modified in troubled debt restructurings during the year ended December 31, 2013:

	Year ended December 31, 2013										
	Number of	Pre-Modification Outstanding Recorded	Post-Modification Outstanding Recorded								
	Contracts	Investment	Investment								
Troubled Debt Restructurings											
Commercial real estate											
Non-owner occupied	1	\$ 999,645	\$ 799,645								
Owner occupied	1	899,013	883,195								
	2	\$ 1,898,658	\$ 1,682,840								

During 2013, there were two loans that were modified and considered troubled debt restructurings because specific interest rate concessions or payment term concessions were granted to the borrower. The Bank had no obligations to lend additional funds on the restructured loans as of December 31, 2014 and 2013.

Interest recognized for cash payments received on non-accrual loans was not significant for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013. At December 31, 2014 and 2013, there were no loans over 90 days past due that were still accruing interest.

There were no troubled debt restructurings in 2014 or 2013 that subsequently defaulted.

NOTE 6 – PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT

Premises and equipment consisted of the following:

	DECEMBER 31,			
		2014		2013
Leasehold improvements	\$	217,410	\$	238,060
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		718,457		507,433
Loss accumulated depression		935,867		745,493
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(239,504)		(122,389)
	\$	696,363	\$	623,104

Depreciation and amortization included in occupancy and equipment expense totaled \$146,214 and \$90,602 for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

NOTE 7 – INTEREST-BEARING DEPOSITS

Interest-bearing deposits consisted of the following:

	DECH	DECEMBER 31,			
	2014	2013			
Savings	\$ 2,820,242	\$ 2,379,102			
Money market	57,627,021	37,798,259			
NOW accounts	20,131,120	4,541,648			
Time, under \$250,000	20,002,288	27,338,520			
Time, \$250,000 or more	40,276,546	26,072,746			
	\$ 140,857,217	\$ 98,130,275			

NOTE 7 - INTEREST-BEARING DEPOSITS (CONTINUED)

Aggregate annual maturities of time deposits are as follows:

Years ending December 31,	
2015	\$ 54,542,626
2016	4,947,522
2017	363,487
2018	362,890
2019	62,309
	\$ 60,278,834

Interest expense related to interest-bearing deposits consisted of the following:

	Ţ	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,			
		2014		2013	
Savings	\$	3,042	\$	1,140	
Money market		276,229		119,303	
NOW accounts		3,725		2,336	
Time		336,423		221,781	
	\$	619,419	\$	344,560	

The Bank, in the normal course of business, receives deposits from its directors, officers, principal shareholders, and their associates. In management's opinion, these transactions are on substantially the same terms as comparable transactions with other customers of the Bank. The aggregate amount of deposits received from related parties at December 31, 2014 and 2013 was \$582,555 and \$676,269, respectively.

NOTE 8 – FHLB ADVANCES AND OTHER BORROWINGS

FHLB advances – During 2006, the Bank entered into an arrangement with the FHLB under which it may borrow, on either a short-term or long-term basis, up to 25% of its assets provided that adequate collateral has been pledged. Investment securities with amortized costs totaling \$1,284,104 and \$3,500,000 and estimated fair market values totaling \$1,277,134 and \$3,438,582 were pledged at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The Bank had one outstanding secured advance from the FHLB with a fixed interest rate of 0.18% and a maturity date of January 2015 at December 31, 2014. The Bank had four outstanding secured advances from the FHLB with fixed interest rates ranging from 2.82% to 3.56% and maturity dates ranging from June2014 to September 2014 at December 31, 2013.

NOTE 8 - FHLB ADVANCES AND OTHER BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

Lines of credit – The Bank has three unsecured available lines of credit totaling \$9,000,000 with three of its correspondent banks. There were \$0 and \$945,000 borrowings outstanding under these arrangements at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The Bank has blanket lien financing availability at the FHLB totaling \$33,104,250 and \$19,765,200 as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Additionally, the Bank had collateral borrowing capacity at the FHLB totaling \$14,595,857 and \$11,995,006 as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The Bank had outstanding borrowings from the FHLB totaling \$3,999,388 and \$4,000,000 as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

NOTE 9 – INCOME TAXES

Income tax expense (benefit) for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 consists of the following:

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,			
	2014		2013	
Current			L	
Federal	\$	955,000	\$	-
State		(20,000)		800
		935,000		800
Deferred				
Federal		(247,000)		402,000
State		199,800		149,000
		(47,200)		551,000
Change in valuation allowance		(387,800)		(1,351,000)
Income tax expense (benefit)	\$	500,000	\$	(799,200)

The provision for income tax expense (benefit) differs from amounts computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate to income before income taxes primarily due to the valuation allowance.

NOTE 9 - INCOME TAXES (CONTINUED)

Deferred tax assets (liabilities) are comprised of the following:

		DECEMBER 31,			
	2014		2013		
Deferred tax assets					
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$	321,000	\$	534,000	
Interest on non-accrual loans		-		65,000	
Write-down on foreclosed real estate		195,000		195,000	
Allowance for loan losses		632,000		457,000	
Other		254,200		196,000	
Total deferred tax assets		1,402,200		1,447,000	
Deferred tax liabilities					
Federal enterprise award grants		-		(99,000)	
Depreciation on premises and equipment		(107,000)		(91,000)	
Unrealized gains on available-for-sale					
investment securities		(10,000)		(41,000)	
Other		(20,000)		(29,000)	
		(137,000)		(260,000)	
Valuation allowance				(387,800)	
Net deferred income tax asset	\$	1,265,200	\$	799,200	

Accounting Standards Codification 740 requires that the tax benefit of net operating losses, temporary differences, and credit carryforwards be recorded as an asset to the extent that management assesses that realization is "more likely than not." Realization of the future tax benefits is dependent on the Bank's ability to generate sufficient taxable income within the carryforward period. During the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, the valuation allowance decreased by approximately \$387,800 and \$1,351,000, respectively.

The Bank has net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$769,000 for federal tax purposes that begin to expire in 2028. The Bank has net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$840,000 for California franchise tax purposes that begin to expire in 2019. The Tax Reform Act of 1986 and the California Conformity Act of 1987 imposes substantial restrictions on the utilization of net operating loss carryforwards when an "ownership change," as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, has occurred. Some of the Bank's federal and state net operating losses have each been limited to usage of approximately \$71,500 annually due to ownership changes.

NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Lease commitments – The Bank leases certain facilities where it conducts its operations on a month-tomonth basis. The Bank has entered into term leases in for its Danville, San Mateo, and Oakland locations. The Bank is responsible for common area maintenance, taxes, and insurance to the extent these exceed the base year amounts. The leases expire between October 2017 and November 2019. During 2014, the Bank entered into a month-to-month lease agreement with a related party for their Campbell loan production office. The Bank has determined that these lease terms are similar to those that would be available from a third party.

During 2014, the Bank moved their Danville branch to a new location in Danville. The Bank is sub-leasing the previous Danville location under an operating lease agreement. The lease expires in October 2017. Total rental income, offsetting rent expense, amounted to \$18,892 in 2014.

At December 31, 2014, the future minimum rental payments and income under non-cancelable operating leases are as follows:

	P	AYMENTS	INCOME			
2015	\$	628,834	\$	(92,226)		
2016		647,430		(95,915)		
2017		649,183		(82,689)		
2018		508,127		-		
2019		259,578		-		
Thereafter		-		-		-
	\$	\$ 2,693,152		(270,830)		

The minimum rental payments shown above are given for the existing lease obligations and are not a forecast of future rental expense. The Bank recognized rent expense of \$434,039 and \$418,223 for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, net of sublease income.

Financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk – The Bank is a party to financial instruments with offbalance-sheet risk in the normal course of business in order to meet the financing needs of its customers and to reduce its own exposure to fluctuations in interest rates. These financial instruments consist of commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. These instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheets.

The Bank's exposure to credit loss in the event of non-performance by the other party to the financial instrument for commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit is represented by the contractual amount of those instruments. The Bank uses the same credit policies in making commitments and standby letters of credit as it does for loans included on the balance sheets.

At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Bank had commitments to extend credit of approximately \$20,155,636 and \$25,150,680, respectively. There were \$2,062,375 and \$2,152,375 in standby letters of credit issued at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk (continued) – Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Since some of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The Bank evaluates each customer's creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by the Bank upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the borrower. Collateral held varies, but may include accounts receivable, inventory, and deeds of trust on residential real estate and income-producing commercial properties.

Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Bank to guarantee the performance or financial obligation of a customer to a third party. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loans to customers.

Contingencies – The Bank is subject to legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to such actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the Bank.

NOTE 11 – SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Preferred stock – In January 2009, the Bank issued 1,747 shares of Series A, fixed rate non-cumulative perpetual preferred stock to the U.S. Treasury as part of the Treasury's Capital Purchase Program (CPP). The non-cumulative preferred stock is carried at liquidation value of \$1,000 per share and must be redeemed after ten years and carries a fixed dividend rate of 5% with dividends payable quarterly. In September 2010, the Bank redeemed 1,747 shares of Series A preferred stock and issued 4,060 shares of Series A-1, fixed rate non-cumulative preferred stock issued as part of the Treasury's Community Development Capital Initiative (CDCI). The newly issued shares carry an initial fixed dividend rate of 2% increasing to 9% after eight years, with dividends payable quarterly. The Bank paid dividends totaling \$81,200 during the years ending December 31, 2014 and 2013, after receiving approval from the Department of Business Oversight (DBO) and their shareholders.

Dividend restrictions – Upon declaration by the Board of Directors, all shareholders of record will be entitled to receive dividends. The California Financial Code provides that, unless the Bank receives prior approval from the California Commissioner of Financial Institutions, the total amount of dividend payments a California state-chartered bank can make in any calendar year cannot exceed the lesser of: (1) the Bank's retained earnings or (2) the Bank's net income for its last three fiscal years, less distributions made to shareholders during the same three-year period. At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Bank had an accumulated deficit. Therefore, no amount is available for dividends to shareholders. As discussed above, the Bank received approval from the DBO and their shareholders to make dividend payments on the Series A-1 and Series A preferred stock during 2014 and 2013.

NOTE 11 - SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Earnings (loss) per share – Earnings (loss) per share (EPS) is calculated based on the weighted average common shares outstanding during the period. Basic EPS excludes dilution and is calculated by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average common shares outstanding. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock.

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014						
	Income (Numerator)		Shares	Pe	r-Share		
			(Denominator)	Amount			
Basic EPS: Net income available to common shareholders	\$	1,625,762	4,206,637	\$	0.39		
Effect of dilutive securities: Stock options Diluted EPS:			118,513	<u> </u>			
Net income available to common shareholders plus assumed conversions	\$	1,625,762	4,325,150	\$	0.38		
		YEAR E	NDED DECEMBER 31	, 2013			
	Income		Shares		r-Share		
	(Numerator)		(Denominator)	Amount			
Basic EPS: Net income available to common shareholders	\$	1,955,184	4,131,924	\$	0.47		
Effect of dilutive securities: Stock options			27,255				
Diluted EPS: Net income available to common shareholders plus assumed conversions	\$	1,955,184	4,159,179	\$	0.47		
			· ·				

NOTE 11 - SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Stock option plan – The Bank's 2001 Stock Option Plan expired during 2011. The Bank has option grants still outstanding under that Plan. During 2012, the Board of Directors and shareholders approved the adoption of the Community Bank of the Bay 2012 Stock Option Plan. The plan includes both non-statutory stock options, which may be granted to directors, employees, and consultants, and incentive stock options, which may be granted to employees. The price of non-statutory and incentive stock options may not be less than 100%, respectively, of the fair market value of the common stock on the date of the grant.

However, if an individual at the time of the grant owns stock representing more than 10% of the voting rights of all classes of the stock, then the price of the stock options may not be less than 110% of the fair market value of the common stock on the date of the grant. The term of stock options is determined by the Board of Directors, but may not exceed ten years from the date of the grant unless, in the case of an incentive stock option, an individual at the time of grant owns stock representing more than 10% of the voting rights of all classes of the stock, then the maximum term is five years. As of December 31, 2014, 1,221,476 shares of the Bank's common stock are reserved under this plan.

The fair value of each option granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes optionspricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions used for grants in 2014 and 2013, respectively: no expected dividends; expected volatility between 54.71% and 59.6% in 2014 and between 71.29% and 72.16% in 2013; risk-free interest rates between 2.13% and 2.68% in 2013 and between 2.51% and 2.72% in 2013; and expected options term of ten years.

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at December 31, 2014:

	Shares	Av Ex	eighted verage cercise Price
Outstanding at beginning of period Granted Exercised Forfeited / canceled Expired	874,197 240,500 (31,667) (14,425) (61,000)	\$ \$ \$ \$	3.44 4.20 3.44 3.59 4.71
Outstanding at end of period	1,007,605	\$	3.55

NOTE 11 - SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED)

Stock option plan (continued) – The Bank recognized \$181,672 and \$396,455 in stock option expense for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. There is approximately \$841,941 in unrecognized compensation cost remaining as of December 31, 2014, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.91 years. The Bank had 495,768 incentive stock options and 511,837 non-statutory stock options outstanding as of December 31, 2014. The Bank had 474,360 incentive stock options and 399,837 non-statutory stock options outstanding as of December 31, 2014.

A summary of options outstanding follows:

	DECEMBER 31,					
	2014			2013		
Weighted-average fair value of						
options granted during the year	\$	2.75	\$	3.83		
Intrinsic value of options exercised	\$	18,200	\$	-		
Options exercisable at year end		575,758		631,640		
Weighted-average exercise price	\$	3.33	\$	3.48		
Intrinsic value	\$	543,607	\$	614,620		
Weighted-average remaining						
contractual life		6.75 Years		6.46 Years		
Options outstanding at year end		1,007,605		874,197		
Weighted-average exercise price	\$	3.55	\$	3.44		
Intrinsic value	\$	733,701	\$	873,207		
Weighted-average remaining						
contractual life		7.77 Years		7.34 Years		

NOTE 12 – REGULATORY MATTERS

The Bank is subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the FDIC. Failure to meet these minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory – and possibly additional discretionary – actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Bank's financial statements. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the Bank must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of the Bank's assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance-sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The Bank's capital amounts and classifications are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk-weightings, and other factors.

NOTE 12- REGULATORY MATTERS (CONTINUED)

Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require the Bank to maintain minimum amounts and ratios of total and Tier I capital to risk-weighted assets, and of Tier I capital to average assets. Each of these components is defined in the regulations. Management believes that the Bank met all capital adequacy requirements as of December 31, 2014 and 2013.

To be categorized as well-capitalized, the Bank must maintain minimum total risk-based, Tier I risk-based, and Tier I leverage ratios as set forth in the following table.

	Actual		For Capital Adequacy Purpose	To be v Capitalized es PCA	under
	Amount	Ratio	Amount Ra	atio Amount	Ratio
December 31, 2014:					
Total risk-based capital					
(to risk-weighted assets)	\$ 23,331,000	12.47%	\$ 14,973,000 <u>></u> 8	8.0% \$ 18,716,000	<u>></u> 10.0%
Tier I capital					
(to risk-weighted assets)	\$ 20,985,000	11.21%	\$ 7,486,000 <u>></u> 4	£.0% \$ 11,229,000	<u>></u> 6.0%
Tier I capital					
(to average assets)	\$ 20,985,000	10.76%	\$ 7,805,000 <u>></u> 4	4.0% \$ 9,756,000	<u>></u> 5.0%
December 31, 2013:					
Total risk-based capital					
(to risk-weighted assets)	\$ 20,745,000	15.41%	\$ 10,773,000 <u>></u> 8	3.0% \$ 13,466,000	<u>></u> 10.0%
Tier I capital					
(to risk-weighted assets)	\$ 19,052,000	14.15%	\$ 5,386,000 <u>></u> 4	4.0% \$ 8,080,000	<u>></u> 6.0%
Tier I capital					
(to average assets)	\$ 19,052,000	10.78%	\$ 7,072,000 <u>≥</u> 4	8,840,000	<u>></u> 5.0%

The Federal Reserve and the FDIC approved final capital rules in July 2013 that substantially amend the existing capital rules for banks. These new rules reflect, in part, certain standards initially adopted by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in December 2010 (which standards are commonly referred to as "Basel III") as well as requirements contemplated by the Dodd-Frank Act. Under the new capital rules, the Bank will be required to meet certain minimum capital requirements that differ from current capital requirements. The rules implement a new capital ratio of common equity Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets.

The prompt corrective action rules are modified to include the common equity Tier 1 capital ratio noted above and to increase the Tier 1 capital ratio requirements for the various existing thresholds. The rules also modify the manner in which certain capital elements are determined and make changes to the methods of calculating the risk-weighting of certain assets, which in turn affects the calculation of the risk-weighted capital ratios. Higher risk weights are assigned to various categories of assets. The Bank is required to comply with the new capital rules on January 1, 2015, with a measurement date of March 31, 2015. Certain calculations under the rules will also have phase-in periods.

NOTE 13 – GOVERNMENT GRANT

In 2014 and 2013, the Bank was awarded \$355,000 and \$323,000, respectively, by the United States Treasury Department in recognition of its community development activities under the Bank Enterprise Award Program (the BEA). Management believes that the Bank has complied, in all material aspects, with all of the covenants and requirements under the BEA agreement and that it is not, and has not been, in default with any of the terms, requirements, or minimum levels of qualified activities of such agreement.

NOTE 14 - OTHER EXPENSES

Other expenses consisted of the following:

	DECEMBER 31,					
	2014			2013		
Professional fees	\$	443,042	\$	524,518		
Advertising		128,018		65,594		
Data processing		376,348		402,205		
Regulatory assessments		241,582		242,445		
Insurance		68,009		69,893		
Other operating expenses		666,640		661,412		
Total	\$	1,923,639	\$	1,966,067		

NOTE 15 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Defined contribution plan – The Bank adopted a 401(k) defined contribution plan effective January 1, 1997. All employees of the Bank may participate in the plan upon completion of certain eligibility requirements. The Bank matches employee's contributions on a discretionary basis. There were no discretionary contributions for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013.

NOTE 16 - DISCLOSURES ABOUT FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair values of financial instruments are management's estimates of the values at which instruments could be exchanged in a transaction between willing parties. These estimates are subjective and may vary significantly from amounts that would be realized in actual transactions. Further, the tax ramifications related to the realization of the unrealized gains and losses can have a significant effect on the fair value estimates and have not been considered in any of these estimates.

The estimated fair values of the Bank's financial instruments as of December 31 are approximately as follows:

		2014		20	013
	Fair Value	Carrying	Estimated	Carrying	Estimated
	Hierarchy	Amounts	Fair Values	Amounts	Fair Values
Financial assets:					
Cash and cash					
equivalents	Level 1	\$ 24,283,131	\$ 24,283,131	\$ 22,800,028	\$ 22,800,028
Interest bearing deposits					
in banks	Level 2	12,893,000	12,865,778	10,169,744	10,183,624
Securities					
available for sale	Level 2	7,164,184	7,164,184	9,479,124	9,479,124
FHLB stock	Level 2	656,500	656,500	580,100	580,100
Loans, net	Level 3	172,314,576	178,633,000	125,344,245	129,237,000
Interest receivable	Level 2	550,800	550,800	423,618	423,618
Financial liabilities:					
Non-maturity deposits	Level 2	138,542,288	138,542,288	97,177,897	97,177,897
Time deposits	Level 2	60,278,834	60,500,000	53,411,266	53,677,000
FHLB borrowings	Level 2	3,999,388	3,999,388	4,000,000	4,054,000
Interest payable	Level 2	32,138	32,138	29,433	29,433
Off-balance-sheet liabilities:					
Undisbursed loan					
commitments	Level 3	-	202,000	-	252,000

The Bank utilizes fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures. The Bank groups assets and liabilities at fair value in a threelevel valuation hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurement. The valuation hierarchy is based on the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date.

In general, fair values determined by Level 1 inputs utilize quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Bank has the ability to access. Fair values determined by Level 2 inputs utilize inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability.

NOTE 16 - DISCLOSURES ABOUT FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls has been determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The Bank's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, and considers factors specific to the asset or liability. Some fair value measurements, such as available-for-sale securities, are performed on a recurring basis, while others such as other real estate owned and impaired loans are performed on a non-recurring basis.

The following table presents information about the Bank's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, as well as assets and liabilities for which a non-recurring change in the fair value has been recorded as of December 31, 2014 and 2013. The table indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques utilized by the Bank to determine such fair value.

					9	Significant		
			Quoted	Prices in		Other	Signi	ficant
			Active M	arkets for	(bservable	Unobs	ervable
	De	cember 31,	Identic	al Assets		Inputs	Inp	outs
Description of Assets		2014	(Lev	(Level 1) (Level 2) ((Lev	rel 3)	
Available-for-sale securities:								
Municipal securities (taxable)	\$	985,689	\$	-	\$	985,689	\$	-
Municipal securities (non-taxable)		513,085		-		513,085		-
Agency		483,190		-		483,190		-
Mortgage-backed securities		1,964,885		-		1,964,885		-
CMOs		2,559,201		-		2,559,201		-
Corporates		658,134		-		658,134		-
Total	\$	7,164,184	\$	-	\$	7,164,184	\$	-
					2	Significant		
			Quoted	Prices in		Other	Signi	ficant

Description of Assets	D	ecember 31, 2013	Active M Identic	Prices in Iarkets for cal Assets vel 1)	(Other Observable Inputs	Un	gnificant observable Inputs
Description of Assets		2015	(Le	verij	(Level 2)		(Level 3)	
Available-for-sale securities:								
Municipal securities (taxable)	\$	1,158,884	\$	-	\$	1,158,884	\$	-
Municipal securities (non-taxable)		500,055		-		500,055		-
Agency		466,755		-		466,755		-
Mortgage-backed securities		2,977,506		-		2,977,506		-
CMOs		2,273,579		-		2,273,579		-
Corporates		657,950				657,950		-
U.S. Treasury		1,444,395		-		1,444,395		-
Impaired loans ⁽¹⁾		824,233		-		-		824,233
Total	\$	10,303,357	\$	-	\$	9,479,124	\$	824,233
⁽¹⁾ Non-recurring item								

NOTE 16 - DISCLOSURES ABOUT FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy are recognized on the actual date of the event or circumstances that caused the transfer, which generally corresponds to the Bank's quarterly valuation process.

Fair value measurements for impaired loans are based on either collateral values supported by appraisals or observed market prices. Any loss recognized on impaired loans is not recorded directly as an adjustment to current earnings but rather as an adjustment component in determining the overall adequacy of the allowance for loan losses. Such adjustments to the estimated fair value of impaired loans may result in increases or decreases to the provision for loan losses recorded in current earnings.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument for which it is practicable to estimate that value:

Cash and cash equivalents – For short-term instruments, including cash and due from banks, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Interest-bearing deposits in banks – Represents time deposits held at other financial institutions. The fair values are estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered on certificates to a schedule of aggregated expected monthly maturities.

Securities – Fair values for investment securities are based on quoted market prices when available or through the use of alternative approaches, such as a matrix or model pricing, when market quotes are not readily accessible or available.

FHLB stock and other investments – For FHLB stock and other investments, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Loans – For variable rate loans that reprice frequently and with no significant change in credit risk, fair values are based on carrying values. The fair values for fixed rate loans are estimated using discounted cash flow analysis, using interest rates currently being offered for loans with similar terms to borrowers of similar credit quality. The carrying amount of interest receivable approximates its fair value. The Bank's allowance for loan and lease losses is a reasonable estimate of the valuation allowance needed to adjust computed fair values for the quality of certain loans in the portfolio.

Interest receivable and payable – For interest receivable and payable, the carrying amount is estimated to be the fair value.

Impaired loans – The Bank utilizes current appraisals and applies discount factors estimated and modeled for consistency by management to arrive at the estimate of fair value for all collateral dependent loans.

Other real estate owned – The Bank utilizes current appraisals discounted for estimated selling costs to arrive at the estimate of fair value for all other real estate owned.

NOTE 16 – DISCLOSURES ABOUT FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposit liabilities – The fair values disclosed for non-maturity deposits (e.g., interest and non-interest checking, statement savings, and money market accounts) are, by definition, equal to the amount payable at the reporting date (i.e., their carrying amounts). The fair values for fixed-rate certificates of deposit are estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered on certificates to a schedule of aggregated expected monthly maturities on time deposits. The carrying amount of interest payable approximates its fair value.

FHLB borrowings – The fair value of the borrowings is calculated based on the discounted value of the contractual cash flows using current rates at which such borrowings can currently be obtained.

Secured borrowings – The fair value approximates book value as they represent short-term borrowings connected to the sale of loans.

Commitments to extend credit – The fair value of commitments is estimated using the fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the present creditworthiness of the counterparties. For fixed-rate loan commitments, fair value also considers the difference between current levels of interest rates and the committed rates.

Limitations – Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information and other information about the financial instrument. These estimates do not reflect any premium or discount that could result from offering for sale at one time the Bank's entire holdings of a particular financial instrument.

NOTE 17 - SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

The following table sets forth summarized data for the year pertaining to each quarter for 2014 and is unaudited:

	2014 Quarter Ended									
	December 31	September 30	June 30	March 31						
Total assets	\$ 225,245,826	\$ 192,017,158	\$ 191,402,179	\$ 193,288,682						
Gross loans	174,657,777	152,822,188	145,338,311	130,230,310						
Deposits	198,821,122	166,868,294	169,434,357	169,346,476						
Net interest income	2,173,956	2,078,639	1,821,691	1,796,390						
Net income	441,177	632,159	278,725	354,901						

NOTE 18 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Bank has evaluated the effects of subsequent events that have occurred after the period ending December 31, 2014 and through March 31, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were issued.



Board of Directors

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Eddie C. Cheung, M.D., FACG Clinical Professor of Internal Medicine & Gastroenterology/Hepatology

Tracey A. Enfantino General Manager, Environmental Systems

Raymond J. Figone Owner, Figone Materials Inc.

John J. Hounslow Retired Bank Executive

Management & Officers

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Michael A. Skubic President, East Bay Region

Wilbur E. Hobbs, Jr. SVP, Chief Lending Officer

William X. Smith SVP, Chief Risk Officer

Jenny Boister SVP & Manager, Credit Services

David Meyer SVP, Danville Team Leader

Daniel Fujimoto VP, Relationship Manager

Winter Williams VP, Community Banking Officer

Vicente Lopez VP, Relationship Manager Gunter M. Unruh Vice Chairman, Board of Directors President, Metric Design & Manufacturing, Inc.

William S. Keller President & CEO, Community Bank of the Bay

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James A. Mayer Retired Bank Executive

Frank Tsai Partner, FLG Partners, LLC

Chaula M. Pandya SVP, Chief Financial Officer

Mark Roach SVP, Silicon Valley Regional Manager

George T. Harrison SVP, Chief Credit Officer

Margie Perry SVP, Operations & Danville Branch Manager

Rudolph Garcia SVP & Manager, SBA Lending

Judy Conde VP, Compliance

Romeo Luz VP, Construction Loan Officer

Kim Ramirez VP, Oakland Branch Manager



Oakland Office

180 Grand Avenue Oakland, CA 94612 (510) 433-5400

South Bay Office

45 N. 1st Street Campbell, CA 95008 (408) 298-4900

Danville Office

156 Diablo Road Danville, CA 94526 (925) 838-2902

San Mateo Office

155 Bovet, Suite 150 San Mateo, CA 94402 (650) 389-1010

www.bankcbb.com

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